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PHILADELPHIA, SATURDAY, MAY 31, 1862.

ESTABLISHED AUGUST 4, 1881. WHOLE NUMBER ISSUED, \$121.

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THE SATURDAY EVENING POST

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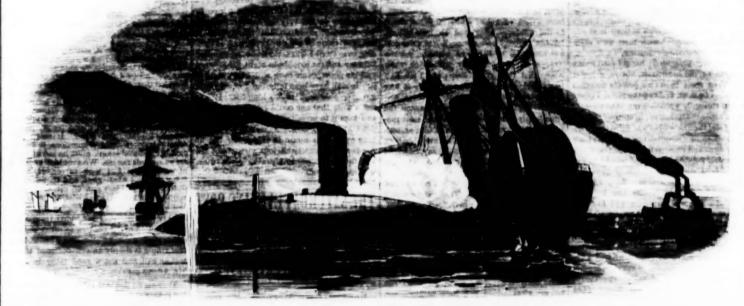
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THE REBEL STEAM RAM MANASSAS ENDEAVORING TO SINK THE U. S. STEAMER MISSISSIPPI BELOW NEW ORLEANS BY RUNNING INTO HER.

and is said to have been made by Mr. Waud, top of the Mississippi at the time. The Mississippi at the time.

The above sketch is from "Frank Lealie," | the artist of that paper, who was in the main- | sissippi managed to receive the stroke of the | seriously punishing her assailant with her

LOVE'S WORD.

WRITTEN FOR THE SATURDAY EVENING POST, BY GEORGIAN C. SHEPHERD.

'Twas on a cheerless, winter's day, That we without a sigh Stood tearless—nay, almost with smiles, And breathed the last good-bye. Oh! God, how proud were both our hearts, Too proud to say forgive; We parted knowing that for each Henceforth 't were woe to live.

Yet once we two together roved Down by the moon-lit stream, Lost unto all the world beside, Wrapt in love's blinding dream Our yows seemed Heaven-registered. Thy heart seemed all my own, And oh! these weary hours prove Mine throbbed for thee alone.

And yet we parted-lightly too, Without a tear or sigh-But half my life-light faded out, As thou did'st breathe good-bye. And once within my quiet room, Hidden from watchful eyes, I could not check the blinding tears, Nor still the heavy sighs.

They tell me woman's pride is great, But 'tis not so-list-list to me, Love's mightier power I'll prove I ask thee by the sunny hours That brightened life's drear way, By all love's holy memorics, Come back to me I pray!

MV FIRST AND LAST PARTNER.

Mrs. Major C---- was known to most of the good society of Bath within the last be now; there were hunts and picnics, Christtwenty years, as one of the latest representathe world of beauty and fashion which existed in George III.'s time. In her youth, she had seen Garrick, sat to Reyolds, and been presented to Horace Walpole. In later years she had helped to make up rubbers at Mrs. Piozzi's card-parties, heard silent, as all mortals were compelled to do, under the mighty and magniloquent tongue Madame d'Arblay. Having seen and heard so much, Mrs. Major Cgreat authority in all that regarded the bygone generation. Like most of the ladies she had outlived, her faculties were kept in good repair to the last; she was cheerful, social, and in a manner active, up to fourscore, ready for all amusements, inclined to youthful dressing, and very determined to have her aay. Mra Major C---- had been lively plays were bad, but by far the worst-in her days, a bit of a coquette of the harmless kind; she had been known to carry on a ling-was a bail. flirtation in her seventieth year, and is traditionally said to have rouged for the last party had lived in good, or at least in gay company

that Mrs. Major C —— had never been seen reduced gentlewomen. These last were old after week; my poor mother grew anxious if you will let me, sunt." I felt the tears at a ball, or known to enter a room where maids, and also devout Methodists, and my about me; and our family doctor advised my coming into my own eyes; I knew my conlancing was going on, if she could help it. This was a singular whim or antipathy for

a lady otherwise so lively; yet the fact had been handed down from her contemporaries, and was confirmed by later experience. Mrs. Major C—— had never danced, so far as anybody knew, nor ever cared to look at dancing. There were a dozen strange tales enlivenments of life for sin. to account for it; the most of which had come out of Gloucestershire, her native county, and varied between accidents to her own toes and the breaking of somebody's heart .-The old lady had never thought proper to set her friends right on the subject; their endeavors to ferret out an explanation had been politely foiled at many a quiet tea-table and friendly call. But few people care to die with their secret untold : and after sixty-three years of discreet silence, Mrs. Major Cchose, in her eightieth winter, to reveal hers one evening to a small group of intimates, young and old, who had gathered round her genial fireside, got into familiar talk, and by the company, I did not observe at the time, and cannot recall now, unlocked that dark

closet of the old lady's memory. "I was never at a ball but once," said she, that one came off: but it happens to be true. were concerned in it, I will tell you the story. I was brought up in the Forest of Dean. unlike the country gentry of that day, both he and my mother were strict Methodists .ted on the side of a wooded hill sloping down to the Severn. The seats and mansions of the county gentry lay all around. They were social in the Forest then, whatever they may ways been reckoned among the county families, and not one of the least consideration, I many byways to the kingdom of darkness .-No earthly power could persuade the one to join the hunt, or the other to appear at anything but a serious party. When a company of strolling players happened to visit the neighborhood-there were no other thefor some infraction of parish rules or ordinances. Picnics were bad, parties were bad, short, the high road to Satan, in their reckon-

"I was their only daughter out of seven children, and much indulged in a pious way; she ever appeared. The old lady yet for me to mention, much less expect to attend, such a gathering of sin as a dancingfrom her youth; she had seen Bath at the party, would have drawn down upon me their tiercest indignation, and most abundant leccontinued to be for more than half a century; three serious farmers of the better sort, whom

mother set them before my youth as examfor piety, and the necessary recreations and

"No merry-makings were allowed, or even talked of in our house, but, nevertheless, I had a knowledge that such things existed.— The majority of our relations, numerous as they were in Gloucestershire, had grown cool, or been quarrelled with on account of Methodism; but we had an aunt with two grown daughters, living in the Cathedral Close, in the ancient city of Gloucester, with whom a correspondence was still maintained. My aunt was a widow with rather limited means. My two cousins, Grace and Alice, were handsome girls, taller than myself, some years older, anxious about their looks, their society, and their settlesome accidental words, which, though one of ments. When my aunt and cousins visited at our house, they were always serious, wore high dark-colored dresses, plain bonnets, and no curls. They could all talk a good deal of leaning back in her easy chair, " and I never they learned it; but when the girls and I were alone together, they gave me such : think strange, for I was just seventeen when counts of the plays, parties, and balla they attended in Gloucester, that I thought them and as the folks are all dead and gone that the happiest people in Europe. Whatever young folks hear of their neighbors having, which they themselves have not, they are apt where my father was a country squire, but, to crave after—the taste of the forbidden fruit, I suppose; and this was deep in my mind, in spite of the serious bringing up, and We lived in a fine old Hall, pleasantly situs- the good example I had in the old maids. My mother knew nothing about it; the gay revelations imparted to me by Grace and Alice were given under promise of strict secrecy from mamms, which, besides being bound in honor to keep, was a necessary conmas parties and birthday balls. We had aldition of hearing any more of the kind; and no forbidden novel could give greater delight to the heart of a boarding-school girl can tell you, for the Hall and lands had been than did those private reports of the Glou- aloud, ours before the Reformation. The best of cester beau monde to mine. I don't think my them would have been willing to have us for mother was quite convinced of the genuine-Associates; but my father and mother consi- ness of their piety; my aunt's husband had court-gossip from Cornelia Knight, and sat dered all sports and merry-makings as so been a canon; there was a brother of hers came seriously to the Hall, and executed triumphant Grace. every kind of small commission for her in Gloucester, which was our chief town. So my mother hoped they were edified by the py to see the young relative who, she under Wesleyan preachers, invited them on long stood, was now a visitor at their house atricals to be found in the Forest at that visits, and sent them well-filled hampers time-they never rested till the whole troop from the orchard, the poultry-yard, and the got over the first shock of it, "and I'll affect and their profane devices were got out of it dairy. In return, she went to see them some- it would be a nice opportunity for Sophy to times not often, for my mother was a great | se genteel life , but what would her mother stayer at home, and her time was much oc- say

and the whole house in a state of great so-

and one of the traditions of the place was, | my parents called brethren; and a couple of | of the winter; the cough clung to me week | 1, "and I should so like to go just this once, removal from the cold bleak air of the Forest sins like I me, and my aunt was good natured ples of all that was praiseworthy. I have no doubt they were excellent women, and so the Vale, where the town of Gloucester "I don't don't have no doubt they were excellent women, and so the Vale, where the town of Gloucester "I don't have no doubt they were excellent women, and so the Vale, where the town of Gloucester "I don't have no doubt they were excellent women, and so the Vale, where the town of Gloucesters is a fault. doubt they were excellent women, and so the Vale, where the town of Gloucester most certainly was my mother, though she stands. My aunt happened to be visiting us mistock, as many otherwise good and honest people have done, narrow-minded ascetism at that time; and, to my boundless joy and she said; "but, my dear, you have no ball-people have done, narrow-minded ascetism gratitude, she at once suggested her own dress; there is scarcely time to get one, and gratitude, she at once suggested her own house as the most suitable sojourn. There I am sure your mother would not allow the wes no place in all the Vale so warm and sheltered as the Cathedral Close-such a gentcel, such a quiet neighborhood, where Airce, with uncommonly blank faces. I nothing was to be heard but the playing of the organ and the singing of pealms. Sophy find it rather difficult to get their own finery would get quite rid of her cough there, and up; but resources were always my first they would teach her that new sampler stich. It would do beautifully to work the slippers for that dear, good, moving man, Mr. Grimshaw -a powerful preacher, with a Yorkshire twang, to whom my mother had taken a special fancy. My cough increased amazingly after the making of that proposal, and it succeeded in overcoming my mother's scruples against the Cathedral Close. I was allowed to return with my aunt, enjoined to nute. Mamma, might not Sophy get a dress get quit of the cold, learn the sampler-stitch and not allow myself to be jed into frivoli ties. Of course, I promised everything, and so did my aunt; and to do us both justice, Methodism too, though I don't know how we had some intention of keeping at least the letter of our promises. Things went on very soberly for some time after my arrival in Gloucester; my aunt and cousins thought said my aunt. seriousness a good thing, and wanted to please my mother. I saw the sights of the quiet old town, the castle, the mineral wells, the Assembly Rooms-that is to say, the out

> vitation to Lady Tracy's ball. I shall never forget their facts round the note. "Left by Lady Tracy's footman, mum, said she. My aunt broke the seal, read it first to herself, then handed it to Alice, who read and passed it on to Grace, she was always the proudest of being in good society, and before anybody could stop her, rend i

side of them; and matters-went on in the

trictest line of duty till about the middle of

"You'll never have sense, Grace," said her mother.

it? You know we must go, and we will go still in the church; but still the whole family Wasn't it kind of her to invite Sophy' said Yes, I had been invited; with my own

ears, I heard that Lady Tracy would be hap "It was kind of her," said my aunt, having

"She needn't know anything about it

cupied with the poor and the travelling "She needn't know anything about it."

preachers. The doubts I have referred to made said Alice. That suggestlen broke down the her unwilling to let me visit them, except in last barrier of conscience between me and her own company, when we always found the the denounced frivelities. To see a real ball high dresses on, hymn-books on the table, at the house of a Gloncester fashionable—to

I had caught a severe cold at the beginning "I am sure mamma need not know," said suited me exactly. We had a deal more to family was old and good, and maybe Ly

"I don't think it any harm myself, and I wouldn't stand against your going, Sophy, money for it."

"Oh, dear, we forget that," said Grace and knew they had nothing to spare, and would thought. I pulled out the little purse con aining all my pocket money, and emptied it on the tablecloth.

"Only two guineas and a half," said the keen sighted Grace; "my dear, that would never do. Your mother might have allowed you more than that, coming to Gloucester; out she can't, I suppose, giving so much to those Methodist preachers. But stay a miquite cheap and good enough for the one evening from Mrs. Jenkins the wardrobewoman? Mess Smithson's maid told our Sally that she got that beautiful gauze we saw at the quadrille party there."

tit her; but I am afraid Sophy can't dance."

easy one they call Mecklenburg-Queen young Sir Edward-they kept that name in December, when the whole family got an in-

> clothes. Grace had many tales of the beau. Lady Tracy had ruled, directed, and govern thing by her sequaintances of limited means; Miss Tracy, was generally allowed to be a and under hot management, I obtained an considerable help. Miss Agnes had been amber colored taffets, trimmed with purple "brought out" for some years, and was also "brought out" for some years, and was also satin. It was rather a conspicuous dress, but an acknowledged assistant. lady who were it first must have been un-commonly slender, as I was then, but she added: 'I don't know who it was; the him to Lady Sarah Harvey, one of the Brisdress came to me by an honest poor woman tol family, and a great fortune; by-the-by, who gathers the like for me through the country; and I think she got it somewhere. Indies the Harveys were not at all proud of. up in Somersetshire, at the house of a clergy- It was whispered Lady Sarah had been born

Close. My dress was pronounced a do ided gave her credit for woolly hair, an unusually look on the dresses, to hear the music, to be bargain, and quite the thing for Lady Tracy's dark complexion, and a decidedly African briety. There was nothing else to be looked for in the presence of mamma, and no going up to the minuet, as my cousins had so often my annt and cousins agreed that its original to marry by his managing mother, aunt, and without her for me, until a certain lucky described these things, was too strong a owner, if the dress became her at all, must sister. She was believed to be nothing loth. had seen it decline before the rising glory of Brighton; but at Bath her head-quarters Wesleyan preschers on their rounds; two or

the tuckers, the lace lappets, the washes for our faces, the red heels of our shoes to be looked to. I think we had all twinges of conscience, too, for the deceit about to be practised on my mother; they should have een worst with me, but I had Queen Charlotte's minuet to learn-Minuel de Mecklenbourg, as the French dancing-master called it. I never knew how Grace got him bribed or coaxed (for I am sure he was not paid) to come over one or two evenings from his seminary in the next street, and give me a private lesson, by way of finishing off her efforts. I learned the minuet even to his satisfaction. I got reconciled, by help of frequent practice at the glass, to my own appearance in the amber and purple: I got my conscience quieted also even to the wearing of rouge, indis pensable for good company at that period; I got my hair dressed the night before, as every body did for balls; and sat up with my cousins till the morning, that the gummed curls might get time to dry, and keep properly in their places, which never required less than four-and-twenty hours. How easily people dress and go to balls in these days; and how odd one would look with those tiers of gummed curls, mounted on stiff wires, and pads of horse-hair; yet there was something grand and worth looking at in that old style; it made one a foot taller. Ladies did look ladies then, with their towering head-dresses, open skirts, brocaded petticonts, and high red heels. Don't laugh, girls; your own fashionable evening dresses will look quite as queer to your grandchildren. But to go on with my We sat up all night-I mean my cousins and self, for my aunt, being in the downger class, did not require such a high gumming, and could go to bed. Half the time we talked, the rest we read Miss. Burney's novel, " A Young Lady's Entrance into the World;" It was the great work of the day, and had got the length of Gloucester, where, let me tell you, there was a good deal of gen tility, and Lady Tracy was reckoned to stand at the head of it. My cousins told me so much about her in the days of preparation and the night of curl-drying, that I knew all her history as well as any of the towns peo ple, and the subsequent events at her ball stamped it on my memory. She was not only connected with the best of the county families, but famous for a kind of hereditary talent, said to be possessed by all the ladies of her line, for managing mankind in generat, and those of her own house in parti-The fady was a Trucy by birth as well as

by marriage. By the by, it is a very old name in Gloucestershire. Her late husband, Sir Edward, had also been her cousin. The Tracies had a habit of marrying their cousins; people were not sure whether it was pride or prodence that got them into it, but Sir Edward had died many years before, leaving one daughter and one son. The son was by five years the younger; he was heir to the title and estate; but the latter was not large. The Tracys had always lived bandsomely, and never would condescend to do anything "I daresay she might, and we could make that might improve their property, because said my aunt.

It was true I could not; the exercise in question being regarded as a special piece of the Old Serpent's policy, had been of course forbidden to me; but Grace had not exhaust ed her expedients.

"Never mind; I'll teach her a minuet, that counted entirely beneath them; and the property was heavily encumbered with Lady Tracy's jointure, a provision for her maiden stater, Misa Tracy, who had always lived in the house, and a marriage portion for the daughter, Misa Agnes.

It was therefore thought requisite that counted entirely beneath them, and the pro-

Charlotte's, you know - he'll learn it in no the family from one generation to anothertime. Alice, you'll write to accept the invisionable look out for a fortune with his bride. Sophy and I will go off to Mrs. Jen- His mother undertook that business, as she kins's, I want a bit of lace to make us tuck-ers and trim your cap, mamma, but I should lief of all Gloucester, there was nothing in ke to see her frock got first."

My active consin and I repaired to Mrs. the way of management her ladyship could my active consin and I repaired to Mrs. Jenkins's shop it was a very respectable one cottager to the richest farmer on the estate, of the kind; the good woman boasted that from the green grocer and the milkman in he bought and sold nothing but real gentry's town, up to Sir Edward and all his relations, of it things quite new and got for half no- ed them and their affairs. Her maiden sister, fashionably made, not the least soiled, and three, young Sir Edward was believed to be aimost a perfect it. Mrs. Jenkins said she the best managed man in the west country; would not have let it go so cheap, but there they had sent him to school, they had sent were very few it would answer, the young him to college, they had told him what to do man; so you see it's quite respectable " somewhere in that quarter; and whether she
We returned in triumph to the Cathedral had a right to the title or not, everybody

marrage was a withed thing, the town goe pany arrived, and the dancing began sips were sure it would come off very some for the bridgercom elect had passed his matority two years, and nothing but his having

been abroad making the grand bour was thought to have p otponed the happy day -The Tracys -that is to say, the three ladieshad read his letters from Rome, Fiorence, given splendid details of his reception in the host salons of Paris the wits that had complimented, the duckenses that had been smitten by him, the routs given in his honor by nobles and ambassadors. People did not believe the whole of it; the tales were some times over-grand; but everybody was certain. that Sir Edward had been seeing the world, and learning towign fashions, ever since his twentieth year, when he left Cambridge re-

the Tracys did not tell; it had never been more than whispered about in Glaucester, for the dread of the managing ladies by heavy on the minds of its now devoted gossips. It was, that the daughter of a portrait painter, deep, on the heart of the son and heir. They had got acquainted somehow in sittings, they had been seen taking quiet walks together; been heard to talk of an engagement, with here and the incoming company. when young Tracy was for Edward and his to me as he did to the rest, but in a lower own master. But the three at home got tone; then went to do his devoirs to other scent of the secret, it was thought from his ladies, but from all ends of the room I could fiving to bestow, and sadly wanted one, being long in orders and out of place. They had all three business in Cambridge directly made Edward show them over the univer portraits, contrived to get acquainted with him in a patronizing way, took a deep interest in his daughter, she was the eldest of ten children I believe. They had very private talk with her and her parents about take that young people ran in a university town, the decentfulness of men, and the necomity of getting her settled, in short, they atlow; but high handed gentry could do a deal more at that time than they can at premarried to Edward's college tutor, and packed off with him to the family living. How for the young man took it to heart could not be accertained, but he left college nomterm, and went on his travels to make the

He had been nearly three years absent, and as muzy months at home, when the ball w given in honer of his birth av It fell on the 21st of December, the shortest day in all the year, but one which I have remembered lonexough, and not without good egge. Ti festival was held at the family town house West country gentry kept town houses in Gloucester then, it was an older and better established place than Bath, and thought more gented than Bristol, because there was not so much trading there. Tracy House was reckoned one of the finest. Some tradesmen for more than two hundred years in Old Valo Street, substantially built of brick, and consisting of four low stories, the company rooms on the first floor, all but the ball room which was on the ground, and partitioned off the kitchen, so the denotes got a know ledge of what they might expect for support but it was a known fact that Lody Trues spared no expense on was candles, co

ficwers and the funt chalkers.

After sitting up the night before, and do zing most of the day on our chairs, we got our curis as dry and stiff as heart could u.sh. My mint said she never nw beads in fatte scance, but it had to be done, and when it was done I felt certain my mother would not red complete by half a described friends who gathered in to druk tes and admire us. Our chairs were salled, and for the first time in my life I went in a sedan to meet good con pany. I need not tell you what a bustle there was in Old Vale Street, a ball in those days upset not only the anglibutions, but the entire town. The chairmen purbing, a wearing and occasionally fighting with their poles; the clusters of heads thrust out at every wir dow and door, the crowd of inferior people in the street making an intelle more as they stepped from a chart, the flare of links and torices, and the general narray, would have the prestures of the encountry, and the sup porting prosecute of my anut and consins With theto I passed over the carpet extend ine from the gutter is front of the house to the hall-door, gualled by men with torches and staves, to light the company and keep of the mob through the row of servants with in, who as nounced up to the ladies of the family at the entrance of the ball room. They were lady Tracy, Miss Tracy, and Man Agne Tracy-tall, bony peach women, every one o them with looks at once hard and sharp and thanks to the rouge and gummed curls notedy could have gowned which was the oldest. I had never seen them in my life be fore, yet the whole three gave me a stare of mean, for the Tracys were well-bred people; which my aunt assured them that the honor she dances!"

Sarah could not do better. In short, the the gentlemen stood by till most of the com-

My aunt presented me to all the Tre including für Edward, who came to make his compliments as soon as we were spited. He was, as I had been told, a tall, fair complexioned young mon, but very thin, like the rest of his family. He half was quened in the first style, his sine and knee buckles were set and Venice, to their admiring friends, and with diamonds, and his ruffles were of the best point. He manner was polite, and he might have been called hand one for his features were better than those of the ladies, but there was something sad and sour in his face, which I thought very alrange for a young man and a buroust; he spoke little to any body, had a habit of looking watchfully very much Sir Edward was altered by his travels, for all the grand doings he had seen and shared in For the present, they con-There was concerning that a story which was now all but forgotten; but the sebstance gone off my mind when he came up, and Sir talk so agreeably. The sadness and sournes was, that the daughter of a portrait painter.

Elward's first look tairly threw me off my were gone from his face; they were gone but it passed as quickly as lightning. I don't the confidential friends of both parties had they were so occupied with their own man but the balcony had none; it was a danger

tone; then went to do his devoirs to other

dresses and the fine people who filled the room.

All the chite of Gloncester were there; in

kindly aunt and consins took both pride and sity, went and sat to the painter for their pleasure in pointing them out to me it was me by the arm, and drew me towards the un not thought rude in my young days, but guarded edge. rather a sign of distinction me Lady Sarah in diamonds and brocade; how black she was, and how well her hair gred the queued curls! They also showed me a tall, bandsome young officer, then called Lieutenant C , and supposed to be an nelmirer of Miss Agnes Tracy. There were talked the poor people into their way of signed many more notables, whom I have talaking. It was rather quickly done, I'll forgotten. They fatroduced me to some, but had done, and I felt quite reassured who s of and before the three Tracys came back | Coustn Alice whispered - "Do you, know to Gloucester, the painter's daughter was Sophy, that Sir Liward has lost his heart to ou, he looks at you from all quarters Methodist as your mother is I think she would get over the ball for such a compact Of course I was flattered by the fact of Si Edward looking at me from all quarters, as any country girl of seventeen would have been. I had not lost my heart to him. I an certain it never could have gone that way est in the world the owner of an estate and Laronet 100 was no fancy of Consin Alice as if he wished to be observed. I couldn't help leading at him in return from believe my fan, the only proper way for a young lady; but when my attention was diverted by the entrance of a great Glou and her seven daughters, they were all in meroely large women, but I have for gotten their names hir Edward was sud dealy missed out of the room. I saw his mother looking for him; I heard my aunt a minute or two he was there again making compliments, receiving congratula at me. Under any other circumstances, I would not have liked him. I did not like to think of the fierce frown he had cast on me at first sight, but my experienced cousin had assured me of a conquest, and it was with a flatter of girlish vanity that I saw the young of the more dis liquished guests through as many minuels, approach and request the nothing ill natured or envious in my consins.
Alice adjusted my tucker, Grace whispersi Matter My a nit gave permission for me to datice, which for Edward ushed in due form; and to my own great amazement am greater profe I was conducted by the bow

Minus to would be thought a duit busi is young folke of these days, but they did not derange the queued curls, or put one's sac out of the , reper folds , they did not take up much room either. The clear space I have mentioned was a chalked strip in the centre of the ball form, extending almost from the er trance-door to one at the further end, which opened on the orangery an old-fash oned and of greenhouse, with steps leading down to the garden, for the ground on which Tracy House stood was a perfect slope. The orange ty was well kept, and specially decorated for the ball, the shrules and plants being arranged so as to form a kind of arter, with two tables in it-one with Sir Edward's birth lay I am sorry to say be continued till the end of many unsuccessful pretenders to the national presents, set forth in full display, and the his days, and they were lengthened out more other furnished with light refreshments for the ladies who went there to get cool after dancing, and survey the gifts, which, being the young man strain had never been strong mostly from the Traces rich relatives, were indeed, I believe there was madness in the thought well worth swing. I mention these things that you may understand what followed. In the meantume, I of course preferred. The grand tour and the brilliant receptions the Minuel de Mecklenbourg. The orchestra, were merely his clever relatives' account of consisting of two hautieys, and as many vioment, which I am sure they did not line, were set to the appropriate air. I be- dress I had bought from Mrs. Jenkins was lieve my step would have satisfied the dan. traced to the clereyman's house in Somersetbut they recovered their composure the next cing-master in his most scrupulous moment. moment, returned our curtaeys -I fear mine Cousin Grace smiled approximgly on me from beatewed on his college tutor for taking the was awk earning made—and gave us the usual her distant sent, and I heard Lecutemant painter's daughter so completely out of his the facts really are, it is at present impossible compliments at I thanks for being so good as C -- say to his partner, Miss Agnes - way, in fact, it had been worn by her at one to say.

ing barones to the clear space in the midst of

was done to us; and with all the coremonics against the wall, where the ladics sat, and | orangery.

at, nor our two lemon trees, which are counted among the wonders of Gloucester, All the rest of the ladies have seen them; come and see them, too,"

And without waiting for my answer, he menced the door, and led me in. I was young, utterly unsequainted with society at the time, and greatly delighted with the notice and honor shown me by the young baronet. Besides, I had seen other ladies go into the orangery with their partners, and though doubtful of what my aunt would say, and rather surprised to see nobody there but ourselves. I found the birthday presents exceedingly engaging. There were silver cups, point ruffles, embroidered night caps, and about him; and I afterwards heard my aunt souff boxes of uncommon shapes and work-and cousins saying among themselves how manship. Sir Edward showed them all, told me the names and residences of the titled relations from whom they had come, showed me the two lemon trees als - they were as him many happy returns of the day. I did comparisons between me and the surround-my best to follow their example; but the log flowers. From seeing him in the ballstare the three ladies gave no had not quite from I never could have imagined be could much employed by university men, had made an impression, notody could say how made an impression, notody could say how deep, on the heart of the son and heir. They somebody who had done him a serious wrong. from which a flight of stone steps led down to the garden. They had an iron railing, ous condition to keep the place in, but th exchange of rings and your, to be fulfilled I was duly presented; Sir Edward spoke Tracys never spent any money on their house that they could help; and I felt half and his noose, came back with every sight of frightened when the full moonlight-it was the clearest winter weather I ever sawcollege tutor, who knew the family had a see him stealthily watching me. The thought showed me the unguarded precipice and the of that made me unhappy, in spite of the gay wide lonely garden below. At the same mo ment, I sa a Sir Edward rapidly turn an out side key in the door behind us, and then tur to me. Before I knew what to say, he seized

"Look down," said he. " Is it not cold and quiet in the moonlight? That garden would be a lovely place for a grave."

"Let us go in," said I, turning from him is mortal terror, for his face had changed to something like the look of a vicious dog about to spring, and I could hear the grinding o his teeth.

" No, we won't go in," he growled, in the same surly tone; " we won't go in till you tell me what brings you here to mock me after what you did in breaking your promise was you that did it all: I was kept under their keepers and straight-waistcouts for marly there years by your doings; but I'll ave revenge. I made this for the keeper one night, but it will do for you."

He had fumbled something out of his dres out pocket, which I could not see; I think he terr or and confusion stupefied me for the ment, and as he spoke, I felt a noose o and thrown quickly round my neck, and ben a violent push, which sent me over the cond in one hand, clutched the iron railing with the other, and planted his fee ficulty on the steps. My escape was predes tinated, I suppose, for, in the act of falling my tops caught in a projecting ledge of wall meyer knew the value of life ti'l that mo ment. With the energy of despair, I flung of my arms, and fortunately caught one o the tails some distance below where he stood, eld on to the ledge of wall with my He saw my advantage. How horrible as face looked in the moonlight, the eves laring, and the teeth guashing, like one pos-

Ab, you won't get off; I'll hang you, you serpared which, you won't send me to the That growl was given in tan thouse again." an undertone and I saw him winding the and round his hand to tighten it. It was so tight already, that I could utter no wound. and the dreadful feeling of suffocation was on me, but one had expedient for life suddenly security to me. With the only hand I had free, I said the name, tore the skin off neck and fingers, but succeeded in loosening it sufficiently to after one scream. I'll never forcet the sound of that cry; it must hav stattled the half of Oloucester. The next ling I remember is a crash of breaking glass, the figure of a man rushing out from the ercentonise, and the sensation of falling Acce that, all was blank, till I found myself lying in a bed in Lady Tracy's house, with my aunt, my cousins, and a number of female servants busy about me, strange sounds of con corning up from the ground-floor, and shove them all, shouts of curses and impreallows in the voice of Sir Edward.

I had been saved from him and his noon by the callantry and promptitude of young restenant C ----, who had seen us go into he organery, heard the cry, and rushed to has penknife, he had let me fall from no great to lie below, and then, with the help of some other sentiment, secured the maniac, for such Sir Edward was by this time, and such than forty years after. The explanation of his conduct towards myself seems to be this Truey family, and under that early disappontment at Cambridge it had given way the time he passed in a private asylum. The shire, which happened to be the family living to honor their bons, with our presence, on "From the country, you say, how gracefully of the Countridge balls, and disposed of as an

You have not seen my birthday presents | the illusion which had finally upset Sir Edward's reason, and endangered my life.

I need not tell you that we got home to the Cathedral Close as soon as we could. The ball had been brought to a premature couclusion; the whole company had heard my scream, and the affair could not be kept from becoming public. We were therefore obliged to let my mother know all about it; indeed, every one of us, and particularly myself, considered it a special judgment on our deceit and disobedience. Worthy woman, she first gave thanks for my providential deliverance, then came to Gloucester with all speed, and gave us a sound lecture, which doubtless would have been longer and more impressive, if Licutenant C — had not politely called at the time to inquire after my health; and my mother being a gentlewoman as well as a Methodist, took the opportunity to make suitable acknowledgment, and ask him to visit at our house. The lieutenant did visit us in the course of the same winter. He had never been engaged to Miss Agnes Tracy, who, by the by, lived and died an old maid like her aunt. My father and mother both thought him sensible, and hoped to make him erious. He certainly did a good deal to please them in the way of politeness to the old ladies, and listening to the preachers, and succeeded so well, that they gave me leave to not practical," being thus deceived. A remarry him on the very day twelvemonth in which he had saved my life. Now, there is the true cause of my dislike to look at dancing ever since I was seventeen; the unrailed balcony and the moonlight night, Sir Edward it. It may have been folly, but I never could get over it throughout my long life. It was not a story that one could tell to everybody, so I kept it to myself; but the Tracys are all dead and gone now. A well-to-do tradesman owns their house in Gloucester, but h is a person of strict religious views, and the last fashionable assembly ever given there was my only ball.

THE SATURDAY EVENING POST

Henry Peterson, Editor.

PHILADELPHIA, SATURDAY, MAY 31, 1862.

REJECTED COMMUNICATIONS - We cannot undertake to return rejected communica

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FOREIGN INTERVENTION.

The menacing rumor of Foreign Interven tion has again subsided. The French Min-Washington, went to Richmond with the full acquiescence of the Federal Government, in order that he might see for himsel the straits to which the rebels were reduced. It is even averred, both by our own and the English Government, that the action of M Mercier was taken entirely on his own re sponsibility, unprompted from home. While the letter purporting to be from the French captain, at New Orleans, to Com. Farragut, said to be a forgery.

That Invervention should be seriously thought of by England and France, at a moment like the present, when their commercial interests will be best promoted by doing nothing calculated to arrest the progress of the Union arms, is on the face of it mest unlikely story.

France, one would think, would have enough to do with settling the affairs of Her Intervention there is an undeniable fact, and apparently thus far successful. Almonte, the instrument of the French policy, has got himself proclaimed Dictator, and appears to have quite a considerable party among the Mexicans themselves. The ex isting government has fled from the city of Mexico, to which the French army is advancing, for the purpose of setting up the new G vernment of Almonte. The ineffec tive character of the present Mexican Go vernment is shown by the fact that the Prench force to which it is yielding, is composed of only about six thousand men. The administration of Juarez has our sympathies, but it is difficult to respect such utter weak ness. What the object of Louis Napoleon is in

soight on a smooth sward which happened this Mexican expedition, it is not easy to declde. Some accounts say it is to recover from Mexico certain millions loaned at high rates by certain French speculators to one of the authority. Others that the French Emperor is seeking to conciliate the Roman Catholic hierarchy of Europe, by restoring their old possersions and privileges to the Mexican clergy. That Louis Napoleon imagines that ne can establish any permanent authority in Mexico, in opposition to the natural and sympathetic influence of the United States is to give him less credit for sound judgment than is usually awarded him.

-Since writing the above, we see it stated that the Juarez government is making

he dances?"

The Annual Address before the Literary

We had fluished the minuet, and I expect—semblance to her in figures and complexion. Societies of Rutgers' College, New Brunson one of the lines of cusirs and sofas ranged instead of doing so, he led me towards the made the resemblance more perfect; hence Hart, LL D., of Patladelphia, on Tuesday the surprised stare of the three ladies, and afternoon, June 17th.

THE ARMSTRONG GUN.

The Scientific American says that the famous very complicated breech-loading rifled can non, made on Prof. Treadwell's plan of hoop. ing with wrought iron. After undergoing various modifications in its details, it next appeared with some mysterious peculiarity in said articles. It says:which caused it to be called a 'Shunt gun. By the last arrival from England we learn it s now made with a smooth bors to be loaded a the muzzle with spherical shot, with no material seculiarity to distinguish it from any of that arge class of cannon which are reinforce with hoops of wrought iron. In other words, Sir William Armstrong has laid aside his gun, and is making the old-fashioned kind of

"This is an interesting fact in the history of gunnery, but the social and political facts connected with it are far more interesting It is known that the English government has conferred the honor of knighthood upon Armstrong as a reward for his great invention, and more than \$10,000 000 have been paid to him for the guas which have now been laid aside for the old-fashioned cannon.

The American concludes by saving "Verily. it is an age of humbug." But we can hardly onceive of a nation which "is nothing i cent article in "ONCE A WEEK" by Mr. W.

What Sir William Armstrong has done, is t produce in wrought from a gun similar in all other respects to the ordinary 68-pounder screice gun, with all its defects. It is more of a "Carronade" than a "Long Tom," being about 14 diameters in length, smooth bored, and muz-gle loading. The gun originally known as the Armstrong gun, was 25 diameters in length, preech loading, and rifled, while that diameters in length, smooth bored, and muz-zle loading. The gun originally known as the Armstrong gun, was 25 diameters in length, breech loading, and rifled, while that of Whitworth was 35 diameters in length, breech loading, and rifled. If these guns were correct in their proportions, it follows that the reduced length must be incorrect, so far as regards ranges. We should never think of meaning a few with correctance of f mounting a fort with carronades, or o using them as chase-guns, and therefore we must regard this last gun of Sir William as simply a machine for battering iron-sided ships yard-arm and yard-arm.

Leaving this matter undecided, we may call self evident truth, mentioned by Mr. Adams that rifling is simply an evil designed to cor rect an evil, and not a good thing in itself Mr. Adams says:

There is no doubt that rifling a gun weak ns it very considerably by providing a num-er of twi-ting angles, and if the rifling could ber of twisting angles, a great gain would be dispensed with, a great gain would be achieved in many ways. What is the object of riffing? Simply to correct the defects in achieved in many ways. What is the object of rifling? Simply to correct the defects in flight of a badly proportioned shot. If a sphe rical shot be of cast metal, the chances are that the centre of gravity does not correspond to the centre of force, in which case it the weighted side be accurately in front at the time of discharge, accurate light may be ob-tained; but if the weighted side be behind or be obtained. To correct this evil rithing was invented to spin the shot as a boy spins his top, whirling action keeping the irregular form in balance. And if we come to the elongated shot, originally resorted to for the purpose of increasing the weight without in-creasing the diameter and atmospheric in-sistance, we should be supported to the concreasing the diameter and atmospheric re-sistance, we should find that if discharged from a smooth bore, their improperly ad-justed centre of gravity would induce them to turn over in flight, with entire uncertainty

Bet if the figure of the shot were so adjusted that it would preserve an even and direct course without spinning, a great gain would be achieved. The gun would be much yould be achieved. The gun would be much tronger to resist the strain of the powder, and a waste of force in friction would be voided. For this reason the writer has from he first endeavored to impress on the public mind e probability that rifting is a fallacy, seeking to errect the evils of a bad shot by the construction

a faulty gun.
But there is more than this. The great comparative range of rifled cannon has been blained not by the rifling process, but in spite

In view of the loss of power by rithinges of power to gain accuracy of flight-Mr. Adams suggests that the needed improvement n gunnery is of a ball which will carry Published by Carleton, New York; and for traight from a smooth bore gun. He gives four drawings of his inventions in this respect -two of the balls being double coned,-one cone smaller than the other, and the centre New York; and for sale by T. B. Peterson & Mexico, without troubling the United States, of gravity in advance of the centre of length- Bros., Phila. and the others one a single cone and the other a cylinder and single cone. All these A Novel. By the author of "Paul Ferroll." have either papier mache carriers, or curved Published by Carleton, New York; and for metal wings. Mr. Adams gives the follow- sale by T. B Peterson & Briss, Phila. ing as the true principle of procedure:-To use an elongated missile of reduced diame R-venge. By Mrs. HENRY WOOD, without er, capable of maintaining a straight course of "The Channin's," &c. Published by T. through the atmosphere, and to propel it by a gun B. Peterson & Bros. Phila. of increased diameter, thus, reducine, the area of stmospheric resistance, and increasing the area of propelling power, with any desirable weight of by J. B. Lippincon & Co., Philadelphia. missile; the gun being in all cases of sufficient ength to consume without wasting the largest sale by W. B. Zueber & Co., Phila. resultely of powder that it will burn without bursting. Such a gun would be equally adapted to throw a round shot at close quarters, or an elongated bolt at long range."

THE PRIZE SYSTEM.

If the steamer whose capture was an-ounced be worth, as reported, a million dolhounced de worth, as reported, a million deli-lars, the Government will be entitled to re-ceive one-half, \$500,000, the flag-officer \$25-000, the esptain \$5000, benienants and sail-ing masters \$12,000 each, petty officers \$5000 to \$10,000 each, and the sailors \$1,000 spices. Pretty swall pay for me systems Pretty good pay for one voyage,

We would respectfully call the attention of some sensible member of Congress to the present prize system. Why should the officers and men of the navy receive onehalf of what they capture, while the land forces receive nothing? If those engaged in the naval service were at haif the expense of fitting out and maintaining the vessels in which they sail, it would be a good reason good beadway against the French, and that for their having half of what they capture. But as the government has to pay all the expenses, it should have all the prize money. We hear of naval officers who have already made \$100,000 out of this war. The whole system seems to us unfair; and unless better reasons can be given for its continuance than of good bree sing we were shown to our scale ed Sir Edward to conduct me to my scal, but made the free sint me so well, it probably wick, N. J., will be delivered by John S. we are acquainted with, should be ab-lished the Union will be as good as new by the next would save the treasury millions of dollars. | seli would say.

NOTHING LIKE LEATHER.

It is a common saying that "there is no. thing like leather"-and we hope there is not, if a recent s'airment of the "Shor and Leather Reporter" be true. An article in that organ of the hide and leatner business conveys a very poor impression of those who deal

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The time was, as all know, when if a man was seen with a wa'ering pot on the top of a pile of hides his reputation was gone. But now is it now? Men who have the highest interest in the honor and success of our trade ing these customs, and for the pattry bro-kerage are willing to soak their cargoes of hides in sait and water, nomineful, that in doing this mean work they overturn and break up the system of values and trade with foreign countries, by which they gain the principal support.

The article also speaks of sanding the fiesh and hair of hides as a "customary" trick. What with sanding and stacking bides, and using paper and wood for the sides of shoes, the hide and leather men a em to be in rather a dishonorable way. An acquaintane of ours, some years ago, attempted to convince a lead, ing manufacturer of shoes, in Lynn, that in putting paper instead of leather into the soles, he was acting a lie-but the manufactures could not see it in that light

MR. GLADSTONE says that the Americans

Do Englishmen like the propagating of despotic institutions by the sword any better? Or, were those free or despotic institutions, to propagate which the great wars against Napoleon, and the recent war in India were undertaken?

England makes it her boast that she is "a free country," and yet she will not allow either India or Ireland to "secode." Would she Scotland or Canada, if either wished to? With the fate of Mexico before our eyes, we would be foolish to allow curselves to be

split up into fragments, and one portion played off against the other as the selfish interests and intrigues of Europe might dietate. How long should we have free institutions, or any kind of institutions of our own making-in that state of affairs? And how long would any portion of North or South America be free and independent, after the power of the American Union was stricken

BEAUTIFUL CARTES DE VISITE.

We have received from Mr. Thurston, whose advertisement appears in this number of the Post, some of his photographic cartes de visite of our Major-Generals, and other ce lebrities, and find them among the most fin ished and beautiful that we have seen. He will furnish them by mail free of postage.

A LIFE's SECRET .- Dr. Mackenzie, of the Philadelphia Press, speaks as follows of this story, concluded in the present mumber of THE POST:-

"A Life's Scoret" does not resemble any of Mrs. Wood's preceding tales, except in the wonderful power of putting the reader into full possession of the motives of the leading characters, in giving the most miural conver-sations, and in concealing the demannent is the vary close of the story. This last, we essen-tial to the nurelist, Mrs. Wood processes in a larger degree than any other living writer. Moved up with the incident of the tale, which runs through it, is a striking and paintally truthful account of the rise, poogress, and de-cline of the social evil collect a builders "strike." It is as powerful as painful, and shows Mrs. Wood's possession of the elements of domestic tragedy.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

ARTEMUS WARD HIS BOOK. With many Comic Illustrations. Published by Carleton, New York; and for sale by T. ii. Peterson & Bros. Phila.

LYRICS FOR FREEDOM; AND OTHER POEMS. Under the Auspices of the Continental Club. sale by T. B Peterson & Brothers, Phila. OUR FLAG. A Poem in Four Castos. By

T. H. UNDERWOOD. Published by Carleton

A LIFE'S SECRET. A Story of Woman's

THE ATLANTIC MONTICLY, for June,

HARPER'S MAGAZINE for June. For sale BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE, for May. For

FROM VANITY PAIR.

ASPHYXIATED.-Gen. Wood tersely telegraphs to Washington :-" We have Suff dk."

The process is nearly complete, then. The anaconds is tightening it's last coil, and Suffolkation has already set in.

THE FATHER OF IT. By late European

arrivals come renewed rumors of French intervention in American affairs. The rebels are very anxious for to ign interference. The rebellion was conceived in sin-s devilish scheme, and borne of Satan-and it is not to be wondered at that they should now, in their extremity, desire the assistance of

an-Apollyon. OLD POST IN NEW BOTTLES.-The connoisseurs of the North are anticipating a july re-union next 1st of June, when the President will open some of his best Port, as he has announced. The article has been scaled up for some time, and it is thought, will be much improved by a.gc. The President has a Butler at New Ocieans, who will do the honors of the occasion in that city.

The general impression naw is that as soon as possible. A reform in this respect 4th of July. 'all appy day, as Bull Run Rusn gr

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THE PRESIDENT'S PROCLAMATION.

The following is the President's proclama-By the Provident of the United States of

A PROCLAMATION.

Whereas, There appears in the public prints a nat purports to be a preclamation of Major-General Hunter, in the words and figures following, to wit:—

figures following, to wit:—

Head-Quarters of the Department of the South. Histor Head, S. C.,

May 9th, 1862.

General Orders, No. 11.—The three states of Georgis, Florida, and South Carolina, comprising the military Department of the South, having deliberately declared themselves no longer ander the protection of the United States of America, and having taken up arms against the air! Littled States, it became a military necessary to declare them under martial law. This was accordingly done of the 25th day of April, 1862.

Slavery and martial law in a free country are altogether incompatible. The persons in these three states, Georgia, Florida and Bouth Carolins, heretofore held as slaves, are therefore declared forever free.

(Signed)

Major-General Commanding.

EDWARD W. SMITH, Acting Assistant Adjusted Comparal.

And whereas, The same is producing some

And traceron, the same is producing some excitencent and misunders anding.

Finerel re, I Abraham Lincoln, President of the United States, proclaim and declare that the Government of the United States had no knowledge, information or belief of an intention on the part of General Hunter an intention on the part of General Hunter to issue such a proclamation, nor has it yet any authentic information that the document is genume; and further, that neither General Hunter nor any other commander or person has been authorized by the Government of the United Sistes to make a proclamation declaring the slaves of any state free, and that the supposed proclamation now in question, whether genuine or false, is altogether void, so far as respects such a declaration.

I further make it known, that whether it I further make it known, that whether it be competent for me, as Commander-in-Chief of the Army and Navy to declare the slaves of any state or states free, and whether at any time, in any close, it shall have become a necessity indispensable to the maintenance of the Government to exercise such a supposed power, are questions which, under my responsibility, I reserve to myself, and which I cannot feel justified in leaving to the decision of commanders in the field. These are totally did rent questions from those of police regulations in the armice and camps.

On the 6th day of March last, by a special message, I recommended to Congress the adoption of a 1-int resolution, to be substantisity as follows:—

Resolved, That the United States ought to co-

"Resolved, That the United States ought to co-operate with any state which may adopt a gradual abolishment of slavery, giving to such state pe-cuniary aid, to be used by such state, in its dis-cretion, to compensate for the inconveniences, public and private, produced by such a change of system."

or system."

The resolution, in the language above quoted, was adopted by large majorities in both branches of Congress, and now stands an authentic, definite and solemn proposal of the Nation to the states and people most immediately interested in the subject matter.

ter.

To the people of these states I now earnestly appeal. I do not argue, I besecch you to make the arguments for yourselves. You cannot, if you would, be blind to the signs of the times. I beg of you a calm and enlarged the times. I her of you a caim and enlarged consideration of them, ranging, if it may be, far above personal and partisan politics. This proposal makes common cause for a common object, casting no reproaches upon any. It acts not the Pharisee. The change it contemplates would come gently as the dews of Heaven—not rending or wrecking anything. Will you not embrace it? So much good has not been done by one effort in all past time, as, in the providence of God, it is now your high privilege to do. May the was future not have to lament that you have ne-

lected it!
In winess whereof, I have hereunto set my
and and crused the scal of the United States
be affixed.
Done at the city of Washington, this, the

not a soul was in the house when possession was taken last Monday. Near the negroparters is a spring-house, apparently well opt formerly, now used, however, by the aff. The private grounds are strictly guard-

ed, and no injury will be done them.

Not a bit of injury has been done to the house or grounds, although the troops have been around it for a week. The most curious of all the cariosities of this place, is a notice written upon a piece of white paper, along two by five inches in a female hand. es, in a female hand, and which was f und posted upon the wall of the main corridor of the building. The proper request of a lady, couched in re-spectal terms, never has been refused by the Union army, and never will be. The notice is as follows:

"Northern soldiers, who profess to reve-mee Washington, forb ar to desecrate the one of his first married life—the property

of his wife, now owned by her descendants.
"A GRAND-DAUGHTER OF MRS. WASH-

Just below this, on the wall, was written by one of G-neral Stoneman's brigade the following words:

"A Northern officer has protected your property in the sight of the enemy, and at

This overseer was the only person found on the premises, with the exception of a few negrees. He is a smister-looking fellow, and is kept closely guarated. The sacredness with when this property is protected is well shown when it is known toat this overseer ends every one who enters it, and that nething has been removed from it. It was ru hard about the camp, that some valuable papers of Geo. Lee, tending to criminate some Festera officers high in position, were found in the house. I give you this for what it is worth, although it is contradicted at ad-quarters y those who ought to know .-Correspondent of Press.

IF NUTS FOR OUR NAVE .- Anything they can shell.

NEWS ITEMS.

How. Edward Stanley is on the eve of de-parture for North Carolina. He has received the commission as Milhary Governor of that state. He is invested with the powers, duties, and functions of that station, including the power to establish all necessary offices and

state. He is invested with the powers, duties, and functions of that statice, including the power to establish all new-way offices and tribunals, and suspend the writ of haceas corpus during the pleasure of the President, or until the loyal inhabitants shall organize a state government in accordance with the Constitution of the United States. His powers are exactly similar to those with which Gov. A Shrikwi Darray.—A novel question has been presented to the Emancipation Commissioners at Washington. John Hatton, colored, filed his petition among the first claiming compensation for his three children, Martha, Henry, and George, all of whom are adults. Martha and Henry were purchased from Ellsworth Bayne, of Prince George's county, Md., in 1841, for 4128, and George all of whom are accordance from John H. Bayne in 1844 for \$100. Hatton values his children now at \$1.000 each, and has stated his claim at that figure.

The second of the angern brigade hairs.

additional troops. The additional chaics Governores, for the necessary reserve tables have fallen below their lawful means that have fallen below their la

figure.

The account of a negro brigade being raised in New York is positively contra-

A CALL is soon to be made upon the states for additional volunteers to the number of 100,000 at least. Careful inquiry has elicited the fact, that our army is smaller than has been represented in even efficial documents, numbering not 500,000 effective men. This fresh force is to be mainly used as a reserve, the extractioned at the convention of the conventi to be stationed at convenient points to meet

THE TREASURY DEPARTMENT. - The policy emergencies.

The Theasury Department is to get in all outstanding to asury notes bearing interest and fond them. Demand notes to the extent of the public wants for currency purposes will be issued. One hundred millions of dollars of there are now out, and there is authority for issuing sixty millions more. Authority to issue further sums, as needed, will doubtless be given by Congres, and of those it is supposed there will be notes of denominations less than five dollars.

The Richmond papers of the 16th instant contains the correspondence between Jeff. Davis and the Virginia Legislature. He says he does not entertain the thought of withdrawing the army from Virginia, even though Richmond should fall. He is of the opinion that the war could be successfully maintained

Richmond should fail. He is of the opinion that the war could be successfully maintained on Virginia soil for twenty years. Nice prospect for Virginia.

JOHN B. FLOVD has been appointed Major-General of the Virginia forces, with authority to raise 20,000 men for the defence of West-

ern Virgicia.
The Census Office.—A late resolution of Congress contemplates the keeping at the census office of a registry of all heads of families in the United States. It is through the census office that the residence, &c., of great numbers of persons are found who, from mis-fortune, become temporarily lost to the lost fortone, become temporarily lost to their re-latives and friends.

The Macon (Georgia) Telegraph condemns

THE Macon (Georgia) Telegraph condemns in severe language the conduct of the robel troops at Bridgeport, by which it says:—

"The most important gateway to our State was opened to the enemy, and possession of all our rich mines and depots of coal, iron and sattpetre placed in imminent danger."

HALLEGE'S army is within four miles of Corinth, occasionally skirmishing with the robots.

THE ARMOR OF THE GALENA .-- The armo THE ARMOR OF THE GALENA.—The armor of the Gelena, which was plected by the projectiles of the rebel battery below Richmond, was but three inches thek. The gumbouts on the Western waters are all thinly plated, and but partially clad. Hence the necessity of the six inch plates that have been ordered for the three new gumboats of the Monitor style that are now in process of creetion in New York. The Monitor has thus far stood fire with her five-inch plates; but as guns of coormous catibre and projectiles of great moenormous calibre and projectiles of great mo mentum are in vogue, it is safe to increase

A disparch received from Fort Wright, by way of Chicago, says it is evident that the rebels have evacuated that fort, and have fallen back on Fort Randolph, which is a

fallen back on Fort Randolph, which is a splace of some strength on the second Chicka-saw Bluff, twelve miles below Fort Wright.

Mr. Russell, since his return to England, does not resistate operly to avow that his entire sympathics are, and always have been, with the North, and frankly confesses that, in his late correspondence with the Times, be has written under dictation, and not as his own convictions would have led him to do. Let him have the benefit, such as it is, of his explantion.—English correspondent of Inquirer.

the most dangerous character.

Country Newspaper Printing.—The
London system of printing one side of country newspapers in the city, and then sending the edition to the respective offices in the country, to have the local news and adver-tisements added, has been adopted by severa papers in Wisconsin, the work being per-formed in the office of the State Journal, at Madison.

THE people of Sweden, with a proper sens of the great services to civilization rendere by their distinguished countryman, Captai Ericeson, are having a modal struck in his

The 800 returned Union prisoners now Washington are being paid toeir ratio mency for the time of their captivity at the rate of twenty cents per day, and will be pa their monthly dues within a very short p ed. The Government intends allowing sch man to determine whether he will take discharge or return to the service after oba discharge or return to the servaining a furlough or exchange.

The Supreme Court of Pennsylvania has decided that the act of Assembly silowing our volunteers in the army to svote when absent from the State in military service, is unconstitutional, and consequently that the army vote is illegal and void. It will probably oust Sheriff Ewing of this city, and thers now holding office. The sentiments of the people of Norfolk

may be judged from the following extract of a letter:—Probably not less than six bundred persons have taken the oath of allegance, and received passes from the Provost Marsaal. They are principally laborers, gar-deners, and countrymen. The leading classes studbordly hang off and refuse, and some them, in manufasting their retellious sentisents, stand so straight as to francisch ward. On Sabbath Iset, a Uni backward. On Sabbath last, a Union off cer, while coming out of church, was struc-by a prayer book, thrown at his head by

Ir has been ascertained from an authentic source, that the expenditures of the Government, forn April, 1861, to the present time, has not averaged one milion dodars per day. This may be considered a refutation of the exaggerated reports upon the subject.

newspapers are mistaken in stating that the President has called for a specific num or of additional troops. The calls issued are di-rected to the different states' Governors, for

I,338 slaves, at an average of about \$750 per slave.

"Do RATS EAT GRAPES?"—The Gardeners' Chronicle recently asked this question, and answers were immediately received from several correspondents, all agreeing that they did. They have been repeatedly caught in the very act. It appears that they climb up the trees and eat the berries. We have known instances where mice have proved very troublesome to grapes in the green house. Both rats and mice are also very fond of strawber-

rate and mice are also very fond of strawber-

ries.
THE mortar-boats which threw bomb-shells THE mortar-boats which threw bomb-shells at the forts defending New Orleans, have been hastily pronounced failures. A report of the injury they did the forts by the explosion of their bombs shows that they are a terrible weapon for such service. Fort Jackson, a letter says, was so much shaken by this firing that it was feared the casemates would come down about their cars. The loss of life by the bombs was not so great, as they could see them coming plainly, and get out of the way, but the effects of thir fall and explosion on the fort no skill could avert.

FORT Windont.—The report that Fort Wright (Pillow) is evacuated is a mistake. It is probably held by a small force. The rebel boats have gone down the river. The bombardment was renewed on the 22nd—the rebels replying.

rebels replying.

ENGLISH Shirts OFF NEW ORLEANS.—
There are fifty ships under the English flag
lying off New Orleans and Mobile to buy cotton at any price when these ports are opened. OUR NATIONAL INDESTEDRIES.—The Baltimore American learns from the best authority that, on the 19th of the present month, our national indebtedriess was but twe hundred and sixty-five millions of dollars, with twenty millions, or thereabouts, of floating liabilities additional. And more gratifying still, we have learned that, for the loans effected for the Treasury Department, the cost to the Government was, upon an average, but four and a half per cent.

The general Bankrupt Bull, framed by leading New York merchants, has been introduced into the Senate by Mr. Foster. Its friends believe that it will pass Congress this session. OUR NATIONAL INDESTEDNESS,-The Bal

GEN. Stort is at Corinth.

PENNSYLVANIANS IN THE FIELD. PENNSYLVANIANS IN THE FIELD.

Pennsylvania has now one hundred and
fifteen regements enrolled of which all but one
are in active service. The latter is nearly,
full, and will be ready to take the field in a
few days. The total number in the service
of the State is given at one hundred and
thirteen thousand, of which, however, it is
safe to say there are not more than one hundred thousand now on duty, if, indeed, there
be quite so many. The condition of the
Pennsylvania troops is all that could be desired. They are in a high state of discipline, sired. They are in a high state of discipline, and are provided with everything essential to their comfort and efficiency. Resides the immense force which the State has equipped and put in the field, the artiflery arm of the and put in the field, the artiflery arm of the service has been greatly strengthened, until now we doubt if there be a State in the Union that can, in this respect, compare with us All the old guns have been remounted and fitted for service, and it is the intention to send these guns to this city, where they will be kept until such time as the State may need their service.

The correspondent of the Cincinnati Commercial, writing Irom Gen. Summer's corps.

WHITE HOUSE.

White House, a recent camp of General McCellon, is the seat of A. S. Ee, an office in the Confiderate ariny, and avoid to be the son of the rebel General Lee. He plantation, comprising thousands of acres extends several mote along the south-western bank of the Pannanky. It is poor, worn-out land, and now rapidly being cut up into rure by Uncle San's wignons. The house is built in the old Vignin ships, and is pleasantly simulated to a being cut up into rure by Uncle San's wignons. The house is built in the old Vignin ships, and is pleasantly simulated on a bent of the river. It is two stores light, with wings and back buildings. The legth quarters are a knort distance below, war to river bank. All the people have sampacied, white, black, and mulatto, and not a soul was in the house when possession as taken last Monday.

In the confiderate ariny, and so pleasantly simulated on a bent of the river. It is two stores the best of a ship, which with the cold vigning and believe the form and the river. It is two stores the house when possession as taken last Monday.

In the cold Vignin ships, and is pleasantly simulated on a leaf of the river. It is two stores are proposed to the most distance below, war to river bank. All the people have sampacied, white, black, and mulatto, and as a short distance below, was taken last Monday.

In the cold Vignin ships, and is pleasantly simulated the same statement and the river is the same statement and the river. It is two stores the house when possession as taken last Monday.

In the cold vigning ships which the form the cold vigning ships which the single of a ship white the constraint of the river. The correspondent of the Check out the day when never the view of the substance of the particular the river and statement that the President has called on the state of the proposed of the particular that the President has called on the state of the particular that the President has called on the state of the particular that the President has called on the state of the p garded as good as it is possible to make vol-unteers. The main difference, in fact, be-tween the latter and regulars, consists in the respective degrees of discipline to which they in be subjected. Volunteers cannot be dis-plined into entire forgetfulness of their in dividuality, while the latter can be made machines; but I have seen none isome?; in this army who equal the beau ideal of tho-rough soldiers."

> EFFECTS OF THE BOMBARDMENT AT NEW ORLEANS.

The Navy Department have received a chart showing the position and effect of every Union and and shell that tell within the lines of Fort Jackson (the main rebel Mississippi river defence below New Orleans) in the course of its recent bombard ment. As a whole, the drawing resemble the face of a fellow convalescing after a se the face of a fellow convitescing after a se-vere attack of the small-por. It shows that all the scows and small boats near the fort-were sonk, except three small ones, the drawbridge was completely destroyed; the hot shit furnices were destroyed; the ciserns were demolished; all the casements and plassages were filled with water, the ever having been cut, all the platforms for ents were destroyed by fire or said; all the asemates are cracked from end to end; in some places the roof is completely broken, and frequently masses of brick have been

isio iged.
Four guns were dismounted, 11 carriages Four gars were dishounted, it extrages and traverses were injured. The outer walls of the fort are cracked from top to button, in several places admitting, daying threely, 3,339 shells are computer to have been thrown in the diches and overflowed parts of the fort, 1,080 shells expluded in the air over the fort, Seventy-five thousand sucia en find altogether.

Thus it will be perceived that the "prac-

THE ADDITIONAL TROOPS .- Some of the "Picayune Butler" at New Orleans.

Gen. Butler has had to talk pretty chainly to the mob and authorities of New Orleans. Gen. Butler has had to talk pretty claimly to the mob and authorities of New Orleans. The Mayor, in answer to a summens of Gen. Butler to visit him at the St. Charles, the general's head-quarters, sent word back that he transacted public, business in his own office. A file of soldiers carried the second invitation to the Mayor, and he did not think it was polite to refuse Gen. Butler again. A company of soldiers were directed to escort to the custom-house a Union man whose life had been threatened. The mob made domonstrations of violence, but the soldiers seized the ringleader, who happened to be a Col. Edwards, and who was obliged to apologue for his indecent excitement before he was liberated from prison. Pierre Soule, formerly United States Senator, who has been considered as opposed to secession, begget Gen. Butler to remove the military to the environs of the city, as the "people" would not stand their presence. This singular demand fired the General, and he said :—

"He would gladly take every man of his

gular demand fired the General, and he said:—

"He would gladly take every man of his army out of the city the very day and hour that it was demonstrated that the City Fathers could protect hun from insult or danger, if he chose to ride from one end of the city to the other alone, or with one gentleman of his staff; but, he said, your inability to govern the insulting, irreligious, onwashed mob in your midst, has been clearly proven by the insults of your rowdles towards my officers and men this very afternoon, and by the feet that General Lovell was obliged to proclaim martial law while hisarmy occupied your city, to protect the law-abiding citizens from the rowdles. I do not proclaim martial law against the respectable citizens of this place, but against the same class that obliged den. Wilkinson, Gen. Jackson, and Gen. Lovell to declare it. I have means of knowing more about your city, continued the General, than you think of, and I am aware that at this hour there is an organization here General, than you think of, and I am aware that at this hour there is an organization here established for the purpose of assessinating my men by detail; but I warn you that if a shot is fired from any house, that house will never again cover a mortal's head, and if I can discover the perpetrator of the deed, the place that now knows him shall know him no more forever. I have the power to suppress this unruly element in your midst, and I mean so to use it that, in a very short period, I shall be able to ride through the entire city free from insuit and danger, or else this metropolis shall be a desert from the plains of Chalmette to the outskirts of Carrollton."

ollton."

The City authorities finally concluded to co-operate with Gen. Butter in preserving the peace of the ety; and the General imme-diately authorized a patrol of citizens, not to exceed two hundred and fifty, to be armed with sabres or revolvers, or both, to be added

MEXICAN APPAIRS.

MEALUAN AFFAIRS.
Semi-official advices from sources favorable
to Mexico, with dates from the City of Mexico to the 12th, from Jaiapa to the 8th, and
from Vera Cruz to the 12th inst, received at
Washington, show the falsity of much that
has heen published.
The Constitutional Government has not
abandoned the City of Mexico, not is a thick-

The Constitutional coveriment, has no abandoned the City of Mexico, nor is it likely to do so. The French and Mexicans had a battle at Humbres de Aculzingo, the result of which is not clear. The French claim a victory, but would seem to have lest more men, especially in officers, than the Mexicans. Up the lest delays indeed the French and to

especially in officers, than the Mexicaus. Up to the last dates indeed the French had not occupied Parbla, which is only an easy two days' march from Humbres.

Gen. Zangoza, the Mexican General in-Chief, had deteated Marquez on his way to join the French, and was preparing to fight the French before Puebra. Great preparations were making in the City of Mexico for contract to the preparations were making in the City of Mexico for

tions were making in the City of Mexico for resistance to the invaders in case Publia was lost. Gen. Oriegs had arrived there with 6 000 volunteers from the state of which he is governor. Forces from other states were railying to the defence of the capital.

As soon as the French left Sededad and Cordova, both places were recupied by Gen. Llave, the Constitutional Governor of the state of Vera Crez, within the limits of which they are stimated. He had out off the invading acmy's communication with the coast. Gen. Llave was also marching upon Orizaba. Almonte bad vailey expected promoneamon.

The Proodent and Cashier of the Bank of the Union were arrested yesterday, by order of Gov. Johnson, on the charge of treason. The town of Pulaski has been assessed for \$1.288 by the Provided Marshal, to compensate a U. S. merchant for goods solzed by Margan' troops.

THE IRONSIDES.-The little Monitor, a the recent attack on Fort Darling, near Ret mond, proved here if invulnerable no ba

yet fired by the enemy having any effect upon her from clad tuffet.

At first, the shot of the robel guns relied of the side a of the Galena, making only don't in her mail, but gradually, after five hours, in, lat-ing, it was found that the steel pototed oad s used by the rebels were piercing her. Theres shots struck her and lodged, whilst two went entirely through her, tumbling out on the

237" If a tree does not blossom and bring forth fruit in the spring, it is generally dead all the year after; so if in the apring and morning of your days, you do not bring for h fruit to God it is a hundred to one that you bring forth no fruit to him when the cvil days of old age shall overtake you, wherein you shall say, you have no pleasure, for an the son of Sirach observes. "If thou hast gathered nothing in thy youth what canst then

restly, too. By another year he may facey himself on another planet, and it is not certificated another planet, and it is not certificated back. tain but he may get there, if Halleck happens Hearquakers Army OFTHE POTOMAC, ! to get a good chance at him.

1 7 There are no other creatures in nature

LATEST NEWS.

The Rebels Defeated at Lewisburg.

FROM GEN. HALLECK'S ARMY

MISCELLANEOUS, &c.

WASHINGTON, May 25 .- Dispatches received Washinoron, May 25.—Dispatches received by the War Department state that Gen. Banks was attacked at Winchester this morning, and has fallen back towards Martinsburg and Harper's Ferry.

The enemy are reported to be in large force, and many reports state that the rebal force has left Richmond and moved north, to take the offensive.

the offensive.

The Pight at Winchester-Retreat of Gen. Banks Across the Potomae at Williamsport. WASHINGTON, May 25 - The enemy, under

WASHINGTON, May 25 —The enemy, under Generals Ewell and Johnson, with a superior force, gave battle to General Banks this morning at daylight, at Winchester. Gen. Banks fought them six hours and then retired in the direction of Martinsburg, with what loss is unknown.

The enemy are, it is understood, advancing from Winchester upon Harper's Perry. Our troops there are being rapidly rein forced.

Rumor says that Jackson is advancing to support Ewell and Johnson, and there are also statements that still another force is behind him.

hind him.

Prompt means have been taken to meet

trompt means have been taken to meet these emergen ies if truly reported. A dispatch received to night, states that Gen. Backs has made good his retreat across the P-tomse at Wildsmeport. Gen. R-fus Saxton is in command at Har-per's Ferry.

Official Despatches from Gen. Banks.

HEADQUARTERS, MARTINSBURG, & May 25 2 40 P. M. S. To the Hon. E. M. Stanton, Secretary of War To the Hon. E. M. Stanion, Secretary of War: The rebels attacked us this morning at daybreak, in great force. Their number was estimated at 15,000, consisting of Ewell's and Jackson's divisions. The fire of the pickets began with daylight, and was followed by artillery, until the lines were fully under fire on both sides.

The left wir g stood firmly, holding its ground well, and the right did the same for a time, when two regiments broke the lines under the fire of the enemy. The right wing fell back, and was ordered to withdraw, and

inder the fire of the enemy. The right wing fell back, and was ordered to withdraw, and the troops passed through the town in consi-derable confusion. They were quickly re-formed on the other side, and continued their march in good order to Martinsburg, where they arrived at 2.40 P. M., a distance of 22

miles.
Our trains are in advance, and will cross

the river in safety.

Our entire force engaged was less than 4,000, consisting of Gordon's and Donnelly's hugades, with two regiments of cavalry under General Hatch, and two batteries of ar Our loss is considerable, as was that of the

enemy, but cannot now be stated.

We were reinforced by the 10th Maine, which did good service, and a regiment of

(Signed) N. P. BANKS, Major General Commanding.

THE LATEST. THE LATEST

The Rebel Plan to Enter Maryland at Williamsport and Harper's Ferry.

HEADQUARTERS BEYOND MARCHISBURG, I May 23-5 35 P. M. 4

A primare captured this alternoon says that the rebel force in our rear is to be stringthened and tentitier purpose is forester Maryland at two points—Harper's Ferry and Williamsport.

We congrue all we have heard in regard

for the relatiforce here. We will pass the Potennac to night safe, men, trains and sil, I

think, making a march of therty-five noise, (Signer) N.P. BANKS, Major General Commanding.

Great Excitement at Baltimore. Baltimore, May 25.—The announcement that Cot. Kenby tool not been killed in the robel attack on Front Royal was received with shouts of apphasse by the crowds of

non men who thronged the newspaper The accessionists having been impredent enough to could over the detect of Col Ken-ley and his possibility death, produced an in-tense excrement among the Uni nums. A few moments since a man who made

A few mements since a man who made some disrespectful remarks was roughly handled by the crowd, and there has been several knock downs so far.

If o'cles a, The excitement continues, and the crowd is increasing. The streets are throughly with excited citizens. The accessionists have to keep out of sight.

severed persons were chassed, as during the more term, and some were knocked down. The Marshal and his police were on the ground in large force, and several arrests were made, after which the crowd again thinned oil and all has since been quiet.

From Gen. McClellan's Army.

tioneral Met Islan's vaccinard, under Gen-eral Stoneman, has reached the Chukaho miny, present it at Bottom's but ge and the rational bridge, why are d to New Order, and shelled the enemy from that postum, detailed a large number of men to build bridges at a large number of men to build bridges at different points on the creek, and a certained that the main budy of the revel army has taken up a position a few miles thus side of Rahmend, to meet the United States forces. The General Beauregard's correspondence with General Grant, his allusion to "your congruent" is a mest refreahing ablustic states for expension of old ties, after only a year's difficulty, for Respondence with General Grant, his allusion to Rechange the three states of Mechange three states of Mechange three states of the work and Trunesse.

Lorenza Tigers took lifty more prisoners, and the trunk of the trunk

Thus it will be perceived that the "practice" of the fiest on this occasion was perhaps that can charm like women and makes, the miss accurate known to history since must accurate known to history since sunnery began to be a science.

That's my business?" as the butcher sunnery began to be a science.

That's my business?" as the butcher sunnery began to be a science.

The miss beyond Bottom's bridge. To be inches of his head, and the concursion was so tain this position they were forced to engage that the blood spirted out from both of composed of five regiments of infantry, one Col. S. s. cars.

of cavalry, and two batteries. Our loss was two killed and ex wounded.

The efficers engaged in the fight suppose the robel loss to have been between fify and sixty killed. A number of their dead were left on the field.

From General Fremont's Army.

From General Fremont's Army.

CINCINKATI. May 24.—Colonel H-sh, with
3.040 men, attacked our forces under Colonel
Crock, yesterday morning, at Lewisburg.

After a severe fight, the enemy was drives
back and completely routed. C. Ionel Crock's
force numbered 1 300. Our loss was 10 killed,
40 wounded and missing. We captured four
cannons, two of which were rifled pieces,
200 stand of arms, and about 100 prisoners,
including a Lieutenant-Colonel, a Major, and
several Captains and Lieutenants.

From General Hallech's Army.

From General Halleck's Army.

Before Cornete, May 25.—A reconnotiting party from General Pope's command had a skirmish yesterday, resulting in the complete rout of three rebei regiments, with the ose of their blanks ts, knepsacks and haversacks. Several were kelled and wounded, and six prisoners taken. The regiments field in confusion across the creek.

Our loss was four wounded.

Washington, May 25.—General Halleck has been joined by General Cartis, with the force unour his command.

The news is positive that Beauregard had prepared for, and ordered an attack upon our loss, to bring on a general hattle, but suddenly countermanded the orders, in consequence, as is supposed of the appearance of cur gun-boats at Vicksburg.

Pennsylvania and New York Troops Ores From General Hallech's Army.

Pennsylvania and New York Troops Or-

dered Out.

The Government has called upon the Governor of Pennsylvania for aid, and he has issued his proclamation, ordering into service all the military organizations of the Commonwealth.

service all the military organizations of the Commonwealth, and directing them at once to muster and prepare to march to Washington, or whatever other point may be designated.

ALBANY, May 25—The Governor has ordered the 5th New York Volunteer Artillery, Col. Graham, and the 7th regiment New York State Militis, Col. Lafferts, to leave for

Washington to-morrow

The 8th, 11th, 37th and 7ist regiments of milita of the city of New York, and the 25th milita regiment of Albany, and others will follow without delay.

Miscellaneous.

Miscellaneous.

Accompine to latest dispatches from Arkansus, a steamboat was captured on the St. Francis river by our forces.

Jun President has taken military possession of all the railroads in the country.

The people and authorities of Norfolk still continue disloyal and refusing to take the eath of allegiance, Gen. Wool has anspended all intercourse, stopped the trade which had been reopened, and issued a procumation notifying the people that while they continue rebellious, trade will be suspended and strict coartial law enforced. The loyal shops are open again.

The United States flort from New Orleans has passed Natcher, Miss, and ordered the removal of the women and children from Vickstory within twenty-four hours.

Miss Jerr, Dayls and family have arrived the state of the works and family have arrived the state of the s

Mus. Jeer. Dayis and tamily have arrived at Raicagh, N. U., accompanied by ex-Senator Gwin and tamily. We have a report also, brought fr. in Fortress Monroe, that General Burnside had captured Raicagh. It makes no mention of the Dayis family.

From New Mexico we have news in the Memphis papers that Sobley's T. van rebela are dissociated and in a starying condition, two rempanies having been cut off, and the rest were endeavoring to reach Santa Fe.

LATE AND IMPORTANT FROM GEN. BANKS.

WAR DEPARTMENT, A WARRINGTON, May 26 The following is the latest received from

The following is the latest received from Geo. Banks:

Williamsport. MD., May 25—To the H n Edwin M Stanton, Secretary of War—

"We belove that our whole force, trains and all, will cross in safety. The men are in fine spirits and crossing in good order. The Loor of last night was fearful. The enemy followed us last night on our march, but has not made his acopearance this morning.

"The news of your movements Sooth has unquestionably caused them to look out for their safety. Your dispatch was read to the troops this morning amid the hearing cheers,

"Mejor General Commanding.

Continued Excitement in Baltimore.

Continued Excitement in Baltimore. BALLIMORE, May 26.—The excitement con-tions without abstenced this mergins. Ad-who neter disloyal sentiments are knocked down by the loyal ritizens without the slight

est scruple.

To the Rescue. There is great excitement in Harrisburg and other parts of Poonsylvania. The milias desperate attempt of the trying rebe lion. Governor Andrews, of Massachusetta, is not with a substituting Procamation. He as summend the whole militia of the

By proper energy, the relat movement can be made a fatal business for the accuracy in it. They seem to be hazarding all on a single desperate centure.

\$3" Short mosed men bouldn't e implain everybody snuls them since Nature her-

self set the example. 2 W" "I suppose," said a quack, while feeling the polse of a patient, "that you think me a humbur" " sr," replied the sick man,

I o'cross — The mob attempted to hang a man a low moments since in Monument Sprace. He was recent by the poince 6 o'cross, Evening. The crowd on Baltimore street increased after 3 o'clock, and several persons were chosed, as during the several persons were chosed, and the several persons were chosed, and the several persons were chosed as during the several persons were chosed, as during the several persons were chosed, as during the several persons were chosed, as during the several persons were chosed as during the several persons were chosed as during the several persons were chosed, as during the several persons were chosed as during the several persons as a several person were chosed as during the several persons as a several person were chosed as during the several

The fre enters never did like the employments of the Yankees, and particularly disbke their pursuits mis, says Prentice.

To preserves apples from retting -put them into a dry cellar, of easy access to a large family of children. 18 In one of the city churches, Sanday,

1 SINGUAR ESCAPE. - The escape of Col. Smalley, of Vermont, on the occasion of Sunday, May 25.

General Negley's brigade is now enex oped five index beyond Bottom's bridge. To a be inches of his head, and the concursion was an

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BY MRS. BROWNING

I never gave a lock of hair away To a man, dearest, except this to thee, Which now upon my fingers thoughtfully I ring out to the full brown length, and say, Take It." My day of youth went yesterday My hair no longer bounds to my fact's gles Nor plant I it from rose or myrtle tree, As girls do, my more it only may

Now shade on two painted in only may.

Taught drouping from the head that hangs aside
Through sorrow's trick. I thought the funeral Would take this first, but love is justified-

Take it thou finding pure, from all those year. The kiss my mather left here when she died. My letters! all dead paper, mute and white! And yet they seem alive and quivering Against my tremulous bands, which loose the

And let them drop down on my knee to night. This said -he wished to have me in his sight Once, as a friend: this fixed a day in spring To come and touch my hand—a simple thing. Yet I wept for it '-this—the paper's light— Said, Dear, I love ther and I sank and qualled As if God's future thundered on my past. This said, I am thise and so its ink has paied With lying at my heart that beat too fast. And this - Oh, Love, thy words have ill availed.

If what this said I dared repeat at last !

First time he kissed me, but he only kissed The fingers of this hand wherewith I write; And ever since it grew more clean and white, Slow to world greetings, quick with its "Oh

When the angels speak. The second passed in height.
The first, and sought the forebead, and hal

Half-falling on the hair. Oh beyond need! That was the chrism of love, which love's own

CTOWN. With cauctifying sweetness did preced-The third upon my lips was folded dow In perfect, purple state; since when indeed, I have been proud and said, "My love, my

A LIFE'S SECRET.

(CONCLUDED.)

BY MRS WOOD, AUTHOR OF "THE EARL'S DAUGHTERS,"
"THE MYSTERY," "EAST LYNNE," AC., &c.

CHAPTER XXI

"Did it never strike you that Austin Clay knew your secret?" inquired Dr. Bevary of Mr. Hunter, when he was left alone with him after Austin's departure in search of

" How should it ?" returned Mr. Hunter. "I do not know how," said the Doctor say more than I know how the impression that he did, fixed itself upon me. I have felt sure, this many a year past, that he was n stranger to the fact, though he probably

knew nothing of the details When did you become acquainted with it?" rejoined Mr. Hunter, in a tone of sharp

I became acquainted with your share i it at the time Miss Gwinn discovered that Mr. Lewis was Mr. Hunter. James, why did you not confide the secret to me ' It would have been much better.

"To you! Louisa's brother!"

"It would have been better, I say. It might not have lifted the sword that was a ways hanging over Louisa's head, or have cased it by one jot, but it might have eased peru. A sorrow kept within a man's own bosom, doing its work in silence, will burn his life away : get him to talk of it, and haif the pain is removed. It is also possible that I might have made better terms than you, with the espacity of Gwinn

speak openly to me?"

Dr. Bevary suppressed a shudder.

third party cannot interfere in uninvited. No: silence was my only course, so long as observed silence to me. Had I inter | natury. fered I must have said. 'Louisa shall leave

"It is over, so far as she is concerned," been taken up." said Mr. Hunter, wiping his damp brow Let her name rest. It is the thought of her which has well nigh killed me.

Ay, it's over," responded Dr. Bevary over in more senses than one. Do you no wender that Miss Gwinn should have gone back to Ketterford without molesting yo

"How can I wonder at anything she does? She comes and she goes, with as little reason as warning."

Dr. Bevary lowered his voice.

Have you ever been to see that poor patient in Kerr's asylum "

The question excited the anger of Mr

"What do you mean by asking it " he cried. "When I was ied to believe her dead. I shaped my future course according to that belief. I have never acted, nor would I act upon any other-save in the giving money to

not my wife legally, she was nothing less in the sight of God." Louisa was your wife," said Dr. Bevary. quietly. And Mr. Hunter responded by sharp gesture of surprise. The Doctor con-

Gwinn, for my wife's sake. If Louisa was

"James, had you gone, though it had been but for an instant, to see that unhappy patient. of Kerr's, your trammels would have been at an end. It was not Emma, your young wife of years ago."

It was not! What do you say?" gasped Mr. Hunter.

this house, she startled you nearly to death by telling you that Emma was alive-was a patient in Kerr's asylum. She told you that, when you had been informed in those back days of Emma's death, you had been im posed upon by a lie-a lie invented by herself. James, the lie was uttered then, when she spoke to you here. Emma, your wife

Mr. Hunter rose His hands were raised imploringly, his face was stretched out in its and yearning.

Was a sister."

What !- which was true ! which was he to believe!"

"In the gratification of her revenge Miss Gwinn concocted the tale that Emma was alive, knowing, as she spoke it, that Emmi had been dead years and years. She con trived to frater the same impression upon me; and the same impression, I cannot tell low, has, I am sure, clung to Austin Clay, Louiss was your lawful wife, James.

Mr. Hunter, in the pientitude of his thankulness, sank upon his chair, a wailing burst of emotion breaking from him, and the drops of perspiration gathering again on his brow That other one, the sister, the poor patient, is dead," resumed Dr. Bevary. we stood together over her, an hour ago, Miss Gwinn confessed the imposition. It appeared to slip from her involuntarily, in spite of herself. I inquired her motive, and she answered, 'To be revenged on you, Lewis Hunter, for the wrong you had done.' As she stood in her impotence, looking on the dead, I asked her which, in her opinion, had inflicted the most wrong, she or you?"

Mr. Hunter lifted his onger face "It was a foolish deceit. What did she hope to gain by it? A word, at any time, might have exposed it."

"It seems she did gain pretty well by it." significantly replied Dr. Bevary. "There's little doubt that it was first spoken in the angry rage of the moment, as being the most effectual mode of tormenting you, and the terrible dread with which you received it-as I conclude you so did receive it-encouraged her to persist in it. James, you should have confided in me; I might have brought light to bear on it in some way or other. Your norous silence has kept me silent."

"God be thanked that it is over!" fervently ejaculated Mr. Hunter. "The loss of my noney, the loss of my peace, they seem t be little in comparison with this welcome re velation. She—the sister—you say, is dead?

"She is dead, poor thing; and Miss Gwinn has gone back home, to trouble you no

They continued talking. After some time Austin entered with Florence. Dr. Bevary turned upon them with mock gravity. "How you have hurried yourselves! I

lear you must be ill from walking fast. What

can have kept him, Florence? " Not your patients, Doctor," said Austin laughing, "though you are keeping them, some, whom you made an appointment with,

are vowing vengeance against you for not at tending to it. "Ah," said the Doctor, "we medical mer lo get detained sometimes. One patient has

had the whole of my time this day." " Is she better?" inquired Florence. " a lady y"

"No, my dear, she is not better she i lead," was the grave answer "And there ore," the Doctor added, in a different tone I have no further excuse for absenting my elf from those other patients who are alive

and grumbling after me He made an imperceptible sign to Austito follow him from the room, and linked he arm within his as he crossed the hall.

"How did you become acquainted that dark secret?" he breathed in his car "Through a misdirected letter of Mis-

Gwinn's. After I had read it, I discovered that it must have been meant for Mr. Hunter though addressed to me. It told me all. D Bevary, I have had to carry the secret about with me all these years, bearing myself a one innocent of the knowledge -before Mrs Hunter, before Ptorence, before him. I would have given half my savings not to have

"Were you aware that that one living who might have displaced Mrs. Hun

The letter, a reproachful one, was too expla

"She died this morning. It is with herat least with her affairs that my day has

"What a mercy " e)aculated Austin.

"Ay; mercies are showered down every day a vast many more than we, self-cour plaisant mortals, acknowledge or return hanks for," responded Dr. Bevary, in the quaint tone he was given to favor. And then is a few brief words, he enlightened Austin

"What a fiend she must be " cried Austin alluding to Miss Gwinn, of Ketterford. "Oh but this is a mercy indeed! And I have been planning how to guard the secret always from Florence!"

Dr. Bevary made no reply. Austin turned him, the ingenuous look upon his face. "You do approve of me for Florence, do

ou not, sir ? " He you very sure, young gentleman, that you should never have got her, had I not ap proved," oracularly nodded Dr. Bevary. "I the working. I would say, were I not a ook upon Florence as part of my belongings. and, if you mind what you are about, and cou as the same."

"How am I to avoid offence?" he asked. "By loving your wife with an earnest asting love; by making her a better husband than James Hunter has been enabled to make her poor mother." The tears rose to Austin's eyes with the

Austin laughed.

intensity of his emotion.

"Do you think there is cause to ask me to do this, Dr. Bevary ?"

patients of mine. You can be off back to

then Mr. Hunter stood before his workmen, his arm within Austin Clay's. He was in troducing to them his new partner. The strike was at an end, and the men-so many as could be made room for-had returned but Mr. Hunter would not consent to disdid die; and the young woman in the asylum charge the hands that had come forward to take work in the emergency.

"What has the strike brought you?" inquired Mr. Hunter. " Any good ?"

Strictly speaking, the men could not reply that it had. In the silence that ensued after the question, one man's voice was at length raised We look back upon it as a subject of

ongratulation, sir. "Congratulation!" exclaimed Mr. Hunter

"That we had the pluck to hold out so ong in the teeth of difficulties," replied the

"Pluck is a good quality when rightly applied," observed Mr. Hunter. "But what good has the 'pluck' or the strike, brought to you in this case ?-- for that was the question we were upon."

"It was a lock out, sir; not a strike." "In the first instance it was a strike, anid Mr. Hunter. "Pollock's men struck. and you had it in contemplation to follow their example. Oh! yes, you had, my men; you know as well as I do, that the measure was under discussion. Upon that state of affairs becoming known, the masters determined upon a general lock out. They did it in self-defence; and if you will put yourselves in thought into their places, judging fairly, you may not wonder that they consi dered it was the only course open to them The lock-out lasted but a short period, and then the yards were again opened-open to all who would resume work upon the old terms, and sign a declaration not to be under the dominion of the Trades' Unions.-How very few availed themselves of this, yo need not be reminded."

"We acted for what we thought the best sir," said another.

"I know you did," replied Mr. Hunter. You are-speaking of you collectively steady, hard working, well-meaning mer who wish to do the best for yourselves, you wives, and families. But, looking back now do you consider that it was for the best You have returned to work upon precisel the same terms that you were offered ther having held out to the very verge of starvation. Here we are, in the depth of winter and what sort of homes do you possess t

fortify yourselves against its severities?"
What sort indeed! Mr. Hunter's delicac rank from depicting them.

"I am not speaking to you now as you aaster," he continued, conscious that mer o not like, and in some cases will not brook this style of converse from their rulers. Consider me for the moment as your frien only, let us talk together as man and man as equals on the great stage of life. I wish ould bring you to see the evils of these cor vulsions; I do not wish it from motives of self-interest, but for your sole good. nay be thinking, 'Ah, the master is afraid of another contest; this one has done him so much damage, and that's why he's going o at us against them.' You are mistaken; tha is not why I speak. My men, were any fur ther contests to take place between us, is which you held yourselves aloof from work as you have done in this, we should at once place ourselves beyond dependence upon ou, by bringing over foreign workmen. the consultations which have been held be tween myself and Mr. Clay, relative to the erms of our partnership, this point has been ully discussed, and our determination taken should we have a repetition of the past and ome think that it is not unlikely and Clay would then import their ewn work

'And other firms as well?" interrupted a

"We know nothing of what other firms to do this; but it is only fair to inform you hat such would be our course of action. ou, our native workmen, brothers of the all abandon your work from any crot-

"Ah, crotchets -according to my opinion, repeated Mr. Hunter. " Could you show me a real grievance, it might be a different mater. But let us leave motives alone, and ge to effects. When I say that I wish you could ce the evil of these convulsions, I speak sole ly with reference to your good, to being of your families. It cannot have escaped your notice that my health has become greatly shattered -that, in all probability, my fe will not be much prolonged. My friends, -his voice sunk to a deep, solemn tonebelieving, as I do, that I shall soon stand before my Maker, to give an account of my works here, could I, from any paltry motive self-interest, deceive you? Could I say one thing and mean another? No; when seek to warn you against future troubles, I do it for your own sakes. If you can keep clear of them, do so. Whatever may be the urging motive of a strike, whether good or d, fancied or real, it can only bring ill in master, 'Put up with a grievance, rather than enter upon a strike," but, being a masdon't offend me, perhaps I may look upon ter, you might misconstrue the advice. My attention has been very much drawn of la was not productive of evil. I am not going round and visits it upon him?" into the merits of the measures-to say this past strike was right or that was wrong; I Delight are the most unreasonable women speak only of the terrible amount of suffer-that ever were created," ejaculated Austin. ing they wrought. A man said to me the other day-he was from the factory districts Baxendale. "I don't know how they'll end worked so much well in our trade. You can he shall not put a foot inside of it until he mother of the bride, and the sister the

few; you do not know of all. It has broken A few days given to preliminaries, and up homes that, before it came, were homes of plenty and content, leaving in them deapair and death. Let us try and go on better

for the future. Every word spoken by Mr. Hunter, Daffodil's Delight could echo. Whether the men were in fault, and brought the contest on needlessly, or whether they were justified, according to the laws of right and reason, it matters not here to discuss; the effects were the same, and they stood out broad and bare and hideous. Men had died of want, had been cast into prison, where they still lay, had committed social crimes, in their great need, against their fellow-men; worse than all, some, unable longer to bear up against their accumulation of distress, mental and bodily, had rushed uncalled into the dread presence of God. Women had been reduced to the lowest extremes of misery and suffering, had been transformed into viragos, where they had once been pleasant and peaceful children had died off by scores. Homes were dismantled; Mr. Cox had cart-loads of things that stood, no chance of being recalled, and that could not be replaced in a dozen years. Families, united before, were scattered now; young men were driven upon idleness and evil courses; young women upon worse, for they were irredeemable. Would the men learn wisdom for the future by all this? It was uncertain.

When Austin Clay returned home that evening, he gave Mrs. Quale notice of his design to quit. She received it in a spirit of resignation, intimating that she had been expecting it-that lodgings, such as hers, were not fit for Mr. Clay, now that he was Mr. Hunter's partner.

Austin laughed. "I suppose you think I ought to set up a

ouse of my own." "I dare say you'll be doing that one of these days, sir," she responded. "I dare say I shall," said Austin.

"I wonder whether what Mr. Hunter said o-day will do any of 'em any service ?" cried Peter Quale. "What do you think, sir ?" think it ought," replied Austin.

Whether it will, is another question. " It mostly lies in this-in the men's being let alone," nodded Peter. "Leave 'em to theirselves, and they'll go on steady enough but if them Trade Union folks, Sam Shuck and his lot, get over them again, there'll be ore outbreaks.

"Sam Shuck is safe for some months to But there's others of his persuasion that

n't, sir; and Sam'll be out some time "Quale, I give the hands credit for better nse, than to suffer themselves to fall under his yoke again, now that he has shown him self in his true colors."

"I don't give 'em credit for any sense at all, when they get unsettled notions into their heads," phlogmatically returned Peter Quale 'I'd like to know whether it's the Union that's helping Shuck's wife and children. Nancy said she was a buying a sheep's heart

vesterday." Sheep's hearts is cheap now, in this quarter," put in Mrs. Qualc. "When customers run scarce, meat goes down. To think of the fools this Daffodil's Delight has turned out this last six months!" she emphatically added. "To have lived upon their clothes and furniture, their saucepans and kettles, their bedding and their children's shoes, when they might, most of 'em, have earned 33s, a week at their ordinary work! When folks can be so blind as that, it isn't of no good talking to 'em; their eyesight's obscured, and black looks white, and white black "

Austin laughed at the remark, though it was not void of some rough reason-and went out. He was going into see John Baxendale. The man's injuries had taken a turn and he was recovering fast, hoping soon to be at work again. He was sitting by the bedside, riressed, when Austin entered.

"Oh, yes, sir; I'm thankful to say it. The surgeon was here to-day, and told me I need might do to attend to our own interests is fear no further relapse. I am a bit tired this ening; I stood a good while watching the they have brought upon themselves folks opposite. She was giving him such a basting

"What! do you mean the Cheeks?" Baxendale lauched.

She set on and she shook him soundly, and then she scratched him, and then she cuffed him-all outside the door. I do won der that Cheek took it from her; but he's just like a young puppy in her hands, and nothing better. Two good hours they were dis puting there."

"What was the warfare about?" "About his not getting work, sir. Cheek's wife was just like many another wife in Daf fodil's Delight-urging husband not to ge to work, and allowing she'd strike if he didn't stand out. I don't know but Mother Cheek was about the most obstinate of all-making merit of keeping him herself and finding him in beer and tobacco. The very day of the night that I was struck down, I heard her blow ing him up for not 'standing firm upon his rights,' and telling him she'd rather go to his hanging, than see him go back to work .-And now she beats him because he can't get any to do "

"Is Cheek one that cannot get any?" "Cheek's one, sir. Mr. Henry took on more strangers than did you and Mr. Hunter; so, of course, there's less room for his old men. Cheek has walked about London these two days, till he's foot-sore, trying different shops, but he can't get taken on: there are too many to past strikes, and I cannot read of one that out for him to have a chance. And she turns

"I think some of the wives in Daffodil's

"She is-that wife of Check's," rejoined so this, Dr. Bevary?"

"No, my boy, I do not. God bless you yourselves. How many orphans and widows, him to take work when it was to be had, and happen?"

When Agatha Gwinn found you out, here | both ! There ! leave me to get home to those | and men in prisons are there, who have cause | now, that it can't be had, turning upon him to curse this past strike! You know of a for not getting it! If Cheek wasn't a donkey, he'd, turn upon her again. There's other women just as contradictory. I think the bad living has soured their tempers."

"Where's Mary this evening?" inquired Austin. Since her father's illness, Mary's place had been by his side: it was something unusual to find her absent.

Baxendale lowered his voice as he replied She is getting ill again, sir. All her old symptoms have come back, and I am sure now that she is going fast. She is on her bed, lying down." As he spoke the last word, he stopped, for

Mary entered. She seemed scarcely able to walk; a hectic flush shone on her cheeks, and her breath was painfully short.

Mary," Austin said, with much concern

am sorry to see you thus." "It is only the old illness come back again sir." she smiled, as she sunk back in the pillowed chair. "I knew it had not gone for good-that the improvement was but temporary. But now, sir, clook how good and merciful God is-and yet we sometimes doubt Him. What should He have spared me for, and given me this glimpse of strength, but that I might nurse my father in his illness, and be a comfort to him? He is nearly well -will soon be at work again, and wants me no more. Thanks ever be to God!"

Austin went out, marvelling at the girl's simple and beautiful trust-feeling that she was fit for her removal whenever it should come. As he was passing up the street he net Dr. Bevary.

"I hear Mary Baxendale is worse," the Doctor said. "Very much worse," replied Austin.

have just left her father." At that moment there was a sound of con tention and scolding, a woman's sharp tongue being uppermost. It proceeded from Mrs. Cheek, who was renewing the contes with her husband. Austin gave Dr. Bevary an outline of what Baxendale had said.

"And if another strike should come in year's time, these women would be the first again to urge the men on to it-to ' stand up for their rights!" "exclaimed the Doctor.

" Not all of them." "Of course, not all. They have not all done it now. Mark you, Austin! I shall settle a certain sum upon Florence when she marries, just to help you both, and any olivebranches you may be troubled with, in bread and cheese, should these strikes be ome the order of the day, and you get engulfed in them.

Austin smiled. "I think I can take better care than that, Doctor."

"Take all the care you please. I shall put Florence on the safe side, in spite of your care. I have no fancy to see her reduced to one maid and a cotton gown. Of course you are going round to her! you can tell her so. Austin laughed; but he warmly grasped

the Doctor's hand. He had turned on his way, when a man tole up to him from some side entry-a cadaverous-looking man, pinched and careworn. It was James Dunn; he had been discharged out of prison by the charity of some fund at the disposal of the governor He humbly begged for work-"just to keep

him from starving."
"You ask what I have not to give, Dunn," was the reply of Austin. "Our yard is ful and, consider the season. Perhaps when spring comes on-

"How am I to exist till spring, sir " h burst forth, in a voice that was but just kept from tears-"and the wife, and the chil dren?

"I wish I could help you, Dunn. Your case is but that of many others."

"There have been so many strangers tool

"Of course-to do the work that you and others refused." "I have not a place to lay my head in this night, sir. I have not so much as a slice of bread. I'd do the meanest work that could

be offered to me." Austin felt in his pocket for a small piece of money, and gave it to him. "What misery thought, as he moved away, and proceeded to Mr. Hunter's.

"Austin, you must live with me." The words came from Mr. Hunter. Austin appened to remark that he bad been giving Mrs. Quale notice, and must now determine upon his future residence. He looked at Mr.

"Do you think I could spare Florence! Where my home is, yours and hers must be. Is not this house large enough for us? Why should you seek another?"

"Quite large enough, sir. But-but I had not thought of it. It shall be as you and Flo-

They both turned to her; she was standing underneath the light of the chandelier, the rich damask color mantling in her checks.

I could not give you to him, Florence, if it involved your leaving me." The tears glistened on her cyclashes. In the impulse of the moment she stretched out

"There is room for us all, papa," she softly whispered. Mr. Hunter drew his away. He clasped both their hands in his; he raised the other

which only glistened in the eyes of Florence, falling fast from his. "Yes, it shall be the home of all; and-Florence-the sooner he comes to it, the better. Bless, oh, bless my children! and may this prove a happier, a more peaceful home

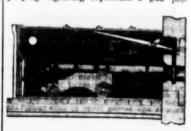
over them in the act of benediction, the tears,

for them, than it has for me and mine !" "Amen!" answered Austin, in his inmost THE END.

By a recent marriage, the mother be "I have a horror of strikes; they have it. She has shut the door in his face, yowing came the sister, and the grandmother the

SUBMARINE GUNS.

As the part of a war vessel most dangerous to be struck is under the water line, several plans have been proposed for guns to fire under the water into the hull of an enemy's vessel when ranged alongside. The accompanying engraving represents a gun pro



posed to be operated for this purpose, by Thomas Page, C. E., London, and described in the Mechanics' Magazine. Each gun is to be placed in a chamber below the water level. This chamber is made water tight, and air is forced into it by a pump through a tube. The air pressure is greater than that of the water at the depth at which the gun is placed below the water level. Each gun chamber is connected with a reservoir in which a plentiful supply of condensed air is main-The gun being loaded, placed and ained. trained in position by suitable apparatus, a port is opened in the ship's side below the water level, and the gun is fired through such port, which is again immediately closed. The pressure of air in the chamber causes a rush of air outward, and prevents the ingress of water to any extent while firing. Mr. Page proposes to bring the guns into sufficient proximity to an enemy's ship and fire it below the water level; the projectile will therefore pass through the water, strike and enter the enemy's ship below the water line and so contribute to its destruction. Guns so situated may be worked by the men in the ordinary way, they being in the pressure chamber.

Guns worked and discharged in compressed air chambers, according to this invention, would in most cases, be fired point blank, and would not in any case require to be elevated, but in very close quarters with an enemy they might be depressed with advantage. In practice, however, the gun might always be maintained at a uniform level, in which case the port or hole in the ship's side may be made of a size to correspond somewhat in diameter to the muzzle of the gun. The gun having been loaded and brought into position, the supply of compressed air is admitted to the gun chamber, the port is opened by the lever and the gun discharged.

KING AND QUEEN.

FROM "STRELLE AND OTHER POEMS BY L."

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I am a king in my own domain. And my little wife is queen, And jointly over our realm we reign, A royal couple I ween.

Beauty and grace are the robes that flow From her lily shoulders down ; The gems of truth on her bosom glow, And love is her golden crown

Her cheeks with the breezes' kiss. And she works for a tiller of the soil As if work for him were bliss I am the king and the tiller too.

But her dainty hands are brown with toil,

My farm is my proud domain, And the will to dare and the strength to do. Are the sceptres of my reign. At my touch the teeming earth yields up Her wealth for my feast and store:

The nectar of health brims high my cup,

My measure of bliss runs o'es Oh, ne'er was a happier realm I ween Than ours 'neath the arching sky, And never a happier king and queen Than my little wife and I!

"LIGHT" LITERATURE.

Substance is to be widely distinguished from ponderability. Oxygen is not so ponderous as cad or granite, but it is far more substantial than either, and, as every one knows, is infinitely more serviceable to life. The distinction is equally valid when applied to books and to men. The "airy nothings" of imagination prove to be the most enduring somethings of the world's literature, and the lightness of heart may go with the purest truth of soul and the most precious virtue of intelligence. All the expressions carry the perpetual savors of their origin; and as brooks that dance and frolic with the sunbeams and murmur to the birds, light-hearted forever, will yet bear sands of gold, if they flow from suriferous hills, so any bubble and purl of laughter, proceeding from a wise and wenithy soul will bear a noble significance. In point of fact, some of the merriest books in the world are among the most richly freighted. And as airy and mirthful books may be substantial and serious, so it is an effect very similar to that of noble and significant mirth that is produced upon us by the grandest pieces of serious writing .- Atlantic Monthly

The materials required to extinguish fire in the hold of a ship, are nothing more than a cask of common chalk in the bottom of the hold, connected with the deck by a small pipe, and a two-gallon bottle of sulphuric acid, which, on the alarm of fire, being poured down the pipe, will generate a sufficient quantity of dense smoke or gas in which flame cannot exist.

We think a fall of five or six feet of snow during the winter something to brag of, but up among the Sierra summits, in Califor nia, fifty feet of snow had tallen up to the 1st of February.

Some people will never learn anything; for this reason: because they understand everything too soon.

IN MEMORIAM.

BY ENUL T.

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From the battle ranks of life : From the daughter, and the wife; From the swords that round thee rung From the arms that to thee clung ; With the purpose unfultified Through thy inmost soul that thrilled; With the life-hope setting far In the blackness like a star Still above thy track that shone; Down the waters! thou art gone!

Noble spirit! true and bold, Shrined within a rugged mould; Strength and sweetness, blended fair, Lay like sun and shadow there. Thine were gentle thought and deed, Brother's hand for brother's need! Thine the full and ringing blow On the buckler of a foe; Thine the sudden bursts of song Through the spirit sounding long, Like a clarion note that thrills Through the silence of the bills.

111.

Ever seemed you to my sight Like a craggy island height, Far below whose cloudy crest Sweet the grassy hollows rest; Where the flush and scent of flowers Woo the languid summer hours; Where the torrents down that leap Sing themselves awhile to sleep, Giving to the linnet's strain Still their liquid low refrain.

IV.

Peace be to thee! o'er thy breast Would this offering might rest, Like a bunch of flowers and grass From where April shadows pass O'er the margins of the streams That thy soul bath seen in dreams Might it sigh above thee there! Like the soft and humid air That the wet May blossoms shake Or the foam fringe by the shore That thy feet shall tread no more.

- N. Y. Loader

THE CHANNINGS.

BY MRS WOOD AUTHOR OF "DANESBURY HOUSE," "EAST LYNNE," "THE EARL'S HEIRS," &c., &c.

> CHAPTER XXX. THE DEPARTURE.

I like to see the skies fair, the sun shining, on the morning fixed for a journey. It seems to whisper a promise that satisfaction from that journey shall be in store; a foolish no

tion, no doubt, but a pleasant one. Never did there arise a more lovely mornng to gladden the world, than that fixed for Mr. and Mrs. Channing's departure. The August sky was without a cloud, the early dew glittered in the sun, and the bees and

butteriles sported amidst the opening

Mr. Channing was up betimes and had gathered his children around him-all. Tom and Charles had, by permission, holiday that morning from early school, and Constance had not gone to Lady Augusta Yorke's. The very excitement and bustle of preparation had appeared to have a beneficial effect upon Mr. Channing; perhaps it was the effect of the great hope which had seated itself in his heart, and was at work there. But Mr. Chan-

ning did not count upon this hope one whit more than he could help; for disappointment might be the ending. In this, the hour of parting from his home and his children, the ope seemed to have buried liself five fathom deep, if not to have died away completely .-Who, in a similar position to Mr. Channing, has not felt this depression on quitting a beloved home?

The parting had been less and but for the dark cloud hanging over Arthur. Mr. Channing had no resource but to believe him guilty, and his manner to him had grown cold and stern. It was a pretty sight-could you have looked in upon it, that morningone that would have put you in mind of that happier world where partings are not.

For it was to that world that Mr. Channing had been carrying the thoughts of his children in these, the last moments. The Bible was before him, but all that he had chosen to read was a short psalm. And then he prayed God to bless them; to keep them from the evil; to be their all-powerful Protector. He prayed for his own safe return, and for his wife's; he prayed that health, if it might be the Divine will, should be renewed to There was not a dry eye present; and Charles and Annabel-Annabel with all her wildness sobbed aloud

He was standing up now, supported by Hamish; his left hand leaning heavily, also for support, on the shoulder of Tom. Oh! but Arthur felt it keenly! felt it as if his heart would break. It was Tom whom his father had especially called to his aid; he was passed over. It was hard to bear.

He was giving a word of advice; of charge

"Constance, my pretty one, the household is in your charge; you must take care of your brothers' comforts; and, Hamish, my son, I leave Constance to the care of won .-Tom, let me enjoin you to keep your temper within bounds, particularly with regard to that unsatisfactory matter, the seniorship.— Annabel, be obedient to your sister, and give her no care; and Charley, my little darling, be loving and gentle as you always are .-Upon my return-if I shall be spared to re-

"Father!" exclaimed Arthur, in a walling burst of irrepressible feeling, "have you no

murmured, " and help me to forgive him!as mayest Thou, my Heavenly Father, forgive him, if he be indeed the erring one we

But a few minutes had clapsed since Mr. Channing had repeated aloud the petition in the prayer taught us by our Saviour-" Lead us not into temptation?" It had come quickly to one of his hearers. If ever temptation assailed a heart, it amailed Arthur's then

"Not I, father; it is Hamish who is guilty; it is for him I have to bear. Hamish, whom you are caressing, was the true culprit; I, whom you despise, am innocent."

Words, such as these, might have bovered on Arthur's lips; they were near doing it, but for the strangely imploring look cast to him from the tearful eyes of Constance, who read his struggle. Arthur remembered One who had endured temptation far greater than this who is ever ready to grant the same strength of patience to those who need it. A few mo ments, and the struggle and the temptation faded away, and he had not yielded to it.

"Children, I do not like these partings. They always sadden my heart. They make me long for that life where partings shall be no more. Oh, my dear ones, do you all strive on to attain to that blessed life! Think what would be our woeful grief-if such can assail us there; if memory of the past may be allowed us-should we find any one of our dear once absent-of you who now stand around me! I speak to you all-not more to one than to another-absent through his own fault, his own sin, his own carelessness! Oh, children! you cannot tell my love for youmy anxious care !- lest any of you should ose this inconceivable blessing. Work on; strive on; and if we never meet again

"Oh, papa, papa," wildly sobbed Annabel, we shall meet again! You will come back well."

"I trust we shall! I do trust I may! God s ever merciful and good. All I would have said was, that my life is uncertain; that, if it be His will not to spare me, I shall but have preceded you to that better land. My blessing be upon you, my children! God's bless ing be upon you! Fare you well."

In the bustle of getting Mr. Channing to the fly, Arthur was left alone with his mother. She clung to him, sobbing much. Even her faith in him was shaken. When the rupture occurred between Mr. Yorke and Constance, Arthur never spoke up to say, "There is no cause for parting; I am not guilty." Mrs. Channing was not the only one who had expected him to say this, or something equiva lent; and she found her expectation vain. Arthur had maintained a studied silence; of course it could only tell against him.

"Mother! my darling mother! I would ask you to trust me still, but that I see how difficult it is for you!" he said, as hot tears vere wrung from his aching heart."

"God can clear away the darkest cloud." she answered. "I can only wait and pray." Hamish came in. Arthur, not caring to exhibit his emotion for everybody's benefit, etired to the distant window.

"My father is in, all comfortable," said Hamish. "Mother, are you sure you have everything ?"

Everything, I believe."

"Well-put this into your private purse, mother mine. You'll find a use for it."

It was a ten pound note. Mrs. Channing began protesting she should have enough without it.

"Mrs. Channing, I know your 'enoughs," laughed Hamish, in his very gayest and lightest tone. "You'll be for going without dinner every other day, fearing the funds won't last. If you don't take it, I shall send it after you to-morrow."

"Thank you, my dear, considerate boy " he gratefully said, as she put up the money, which would, in good truth, prove useful. "But how have you been able to get it for

"As if a man could not save up his odd sixpences for a rainy day?' quoth Hamish. She implicitly believed him. She had en-

ire faith in her darling Hamish story of his embarrasaments had not reached her ear. Arthur heard all from his distant window.

nother as a gift from him, I must suffer. was the rebellious thought that ran through his heart.

The fly started. Mr. and Mrs. Channing and Charley inside, Hamish on the box with the driver. Torn galloped to the station on foot. Of course the boys were eager to see them off. But Arthur, in his refined sensi tiveness, would not put himself forward to make one; and nobody asked him to do so.

The train was on the point of starting. Mr and Mrs. Channing were in their places, cer tain arrangements having been made for the convenience of Mr. Channing, who was put tially lying across from one seat to th other; Hannen and the others were standing round for a last word, when there came one fighting his way through the platform's bustle, pushing porters, and anybody else wh impeded his progress, to the right about. It

was Roland Yorke. "Haven't I come up at a splitting pace! I oversiept myself, Mr. Channing, and thought I should not be in time to give you a God speed. I hope you'll have a pleasant time,

"Thank you, Roland. These heartfelt wishes from you all are very welcome."

"I say, Mr. Channing," continued Roland eaning over the carriage window, in utte lisregard to danger, "if you should bear of any good place abroad, that you think I did a few of the ther prosengers some b

"Place abroad!" repeated Mr. Channing, while Harnish burst into a laugh.

Prussia, or some of those places, and dropped | been out twenty hours.

Mr. Channing laid his hand upon the head | into a very good thing there, quite by accident. It was connected with one of the em "Bless, oh, bless this my son?" he softly bassies, I think; five or six hundred a year, and but little to do."

Mr. Channing smiled,

"Windfalls, like that, are rare. I fear I am not likely to hear of anything of the sort. But what has Mr. Galloway done to you, Roland? You are a fixture with him."

"I am tired of Galloway's," frankly confessed Roland. "I didn't enjoy myself there before Arthur left, but I am fit to hang my self since, with nobody to speak to but that calf of a Jenkins! If Galloway will take on Arthur again, and do him honor, I'll stop and make the best of it : but if he won't-

"Back! back! hands of there! are you mad?" And amidst much shouting, and running, and dragging back careless Roland out of danger, the train steamed out of the station.

CHAPTER XXXI.

ABROAD.

A powerful steamer was cutting smoothly through the waters. The large expanse of sea lay around, dotted with its numerous fishing-boats, which had come out with the night's tide; a magnificent vessel, her spars glittering in the rising sun, might be observed in the distance, and the gray, misty sky, overhead, gave promise of a hot and lovely

day.

Some of the passengers lay on deck, where they had stationed themselves the previou night, preferring its open air to the close ness of the cabins, in the event of rough weather. Rough weather they need not have feared. The passage had been perfectly calm: the sea smooth as a lake: not a breath of wind had there been to help the good ship upon her course; steam had to do its full work. But for this dead calm the fishing craft would not be huddling in, close in shore, looking like a shoal of sea-gulls, more than like themselves. Had a wind, ever so gentle, sprung up, they would have put out

farther, to more prolific waters. A noise, a shout, a greeting ! and some of the passengers, already awake, but lying lazi ly yet, sprang up to see what caused it. It was a meeting steamer, bound for home, for the great metropolis which they had quitted not seventeen hours previously. The respective captains exchanged salutes from their places aloft, and the fine boats cut past each other.

"Bon royage! bon royage!" shouted out a little French boy to the retreating steamer. "We have had a fine passage, captain," observed a gentleman, who was stretching himself and stamping about the deck, after

his night's repose on the hard bench. "Middling," responded the captain, to whom a dead calm was not quite so agreeable as it was to his passengers. "Should ha' been in

all the sooner for a breeze,"

"How long shall we be now?" "An hour and a half, good. Can't go along as if the wind was at our backs."

The steamer made good progress, however, in spite of not being helped by the faithless wind; and, by and by, the beautiful spire of Antwerp Cathedral was discerned, rising against the clear sky. Mrs. Channing, who had been one of those early astir, went back t . her husband. He was lying where he had been placed when the vessel left St. Katherine's Docks.

"We shall soon be in, James. I wish you could see that noble spire. I have been searching for it ever so long; it is in sight now. Hamish told me to keep a look-out for

"Did he?" replied Mr. Channing. "How did Hamish know it might be seen?"

"From the guide-books, I suppose; or by everything. What a favorable passage we have had?" carsay, possibly. Hamish seems to know

"Ay " said Mr Channing; "I cannot help regarding it as an especial mercy shown to ne. What I should have done in a rough passage, I cannot tell. The dread of it has been pressing on me like a night-mare, since our voyage was fixed."

"Troubles seldom come from the quarter

ve anticipate them. Later when Mrs. Channing was once more eaning over the side of the vessel, a man came up and put a card in her hand, jubber ng away in German to her at the same

"Oh, dear, if Constance were but here ' it s for the speaking that we shall miss her, thought Mrs. Channing. "I am sorry that I do not understand you," she said, turning to

"Malane want an hotel? That hotel a good ome," tapping the eard with his finger, and dextroosly turning the reverse side up ward, where was set forth in English the de siral, lenes of a certain Autwerpian hotel.

"Thank you, but we make no stay at Ant werp; we go straight on at once." And she would have handed back the card

No. he would not receive it. "Madame might be wanting an hoter a another time; on her return, it might be. I so, would she patronize it? it was a good est el ; purfect "

Mrs. Channing slipped the eard into her ericule, and scarched in her private directions should they require one at Antworp. Should found it to be the Hotel du Pare; not the one commended on the man's card. Hamish

might do for, I wish you'd speak a word for lay occurred in the bringing the stoamer to them. of wind-or from both, they were in later a "Yes," said Roland. "My brother George than they ought to have been. When the knew a fellow who went over to Austria or first passenger put his feet on land, they had as he knew of it to explain reach nome. You are incapact Prussia or some of those places and dropped been out twenty hours.

"It has given rise to a good deal of disea-friend, and I skall act for you."

the ladder, looking down anxiously, lest in found a hand laid upon her shoulder, and a familiar voice saluted her.

"Mrs. Channing! Who would have thought of seeing you here? Have you dropped from the moon ?"

Not only was the voice familiar, but the face also. In the surprise of being so address. ed, in the confusion around her, Mrs. Chan-ning positively did not for a moment recognize it; all she saw was, that it was a home face. "Mr. Huntley!" she exclaimed, when she gathered her senses, and, in the rush of pleasure of meeting him, of not feeling utterly alone in that strange land, she put both her hands into his. "I may return your question by asking where you have dropped from. I thought you were in the South of France.

days ago, when business brought me to Antwerp. A gentleman is living here whom I wished to see. Take care, my men?" he continued, to the English satiors, who were carrying up Mr. Channing. " Mind your foot-

But the ascent was accomplished in safety, and Mr. Channing placed in a carriage; one of the custom-house officials condescending to come to the carriage-door and take a look at Mr. Channing, that his passing through the custom-house might be dispensed with. For Mrs. Channing, there was no such excuse, and she turned to the building, Mr. Huntley kindly offering to escort her.

"Do you understand their lingo?" he asked, as the landing waiters talked and chattered around.

"Not a syllable," she answered. "I can sanage a little French, but this is as a seal-

ed book to me. Is it German or Flemish?" "Flemish, I conclude," he said, laughingy; "but my ears will not tell me, any more than yours. I should have done well to bring Ellen with me. She said to me, in her saucy way, 'Papa, when you get among the French and Germans, you will be wishing for me to interpret for you."

" As I have been wishing for Constance," eplied Mrs. Channing. "In our young days, it was no more thought essential to learn German than it was to learn Hindustance. French was only partially taught."

"Quite true," said Mr. Huntley. "I have managed to rub through France after a fashion, but I don't know what the natives thought of my French: what I did know, I have half forgotten. But, now for explanations. Of course, Mr. Channing is come to try the effect of the German springs?"

"Yes, and we have such hopes?" she an "There does appear to be a probability that not only relief, but a cure, may be effected; otherwise, you may be sure we should

not have ventured on the expense." "I always said Mr. Channing ought to try

" Very true; you did so. We were only saiting, you knew, for the termination of the chancery suit. It is terminated, Mr. Huntley and against us.

Mr. Huntley had been abroad since June travelling in different parts of the continent but he had heard from home regularly biefly from his daughter, and this loss of the suit was duly communicated with other

"Never mind," said he, to Mrs. Channing

Better luck next time." He was of a remarkably gay, pleasant disposition, in temperament not unlike Hamish hanning. A man of keen intellect was Mr. Huntley; his fine face expressed it. The or deal of the customs passed, they rejoined Mr

hanning. Huntley cried, taking his hand. "But I an ociter pleased to see you here, than I should be anybody else living. It is the first step owards a cure. Where are you b un-

"I know it," interrupted Mr. Huntley, "I was at it a year or two ago. One of the lit e 'Brunnens' pear Aix la Chapeth | I stay ed a whole week there. I have a great min o proceed thither with you, now, and settle

"Oh, do" exclaimed Mr. Channing, b) ee lighting up, as the faces of invalids wil est up at the anticipated companionship of a friend. "If you can spare the time, do come with us"

My time is my own, the business that brought me here is concluded and I was thinking of leaving today. Having authins do after my early breakfast, I strelled down to watch in the London stoamer, Ettl. thinking I should see you arrive by it. That' ettled, then I will accompany you as lat a Borcette, and see you installed

When do you return home? "Now; and glad enough I shall be to pe here. Travelling is delightful for a change but when you have had sufficient of it, home peeps out in the vieta, with all its charms?"

The train which Mr and Mrs Channin, had intended to take we already cone through the delay in the stemor reaching Antwerp, and they had to wait for another When it started, it had them eately in it and Mr. Huntley with them. Their toute by to see what hotel Hamiso had marked down, through the beautiful valley of Liege, a prevince of the Netherlands, so besutiful that it is worth going the whole distance from Eng-land to see. Then they reached Malues, certainly and contrived to acquire for them, and started on again for the Prussian from

Mr. Channing was the last to be removed | tisfaction in the school," he added, "but I | as, with him, there was aid required Mrs. cannot think, for my own part, that it can you Channing stood on shore, at the head of have any foundation. Mr. Pye would not be "?" likely to give a promise of the kind, either to writing to me anything that might tell against any way hurt should come to him, when she Lady Augusta or to any other of the boys' the Channings." frienda.

"If he attempted to give one to me, I "If he attempted to give one to me, I the words seemed to hint at, was one should throw it back to him with a word of upon which there could be no openness bea sort," hastily rejoined Mr. Huntley, in a warm tone. " Nothing can possibly be more unjust than to elevate one boy over another's head undeservedly; nothing, in my opinion, can be more pernicious. It is enough to ren der the boy himself uniont through his life: to give him loose ideas of right and wrong. Have you not inquired into it?"

" No." replied Mr. Channing.

"I shall; if I find reason to suspect there may be cause. I shall certainly inquire into it. Underhand work of that sort goes, with me, against the grain. I can stir in it with a better grace than you can," Mr. Huntley added; "my son being pretty sure not to suc ceed to the seniorship, so long as yours is above him to take it. Tom Channing with make a good senior; better than Harry would. Harry, in his easy indifference, would suffer the school to lapse into insubordination; Tom will keep a tight hand over it."

A sensation of pain darted across the heart of Mr. Channing. Only the day previous to his quitting home, he had accidentally heard few words spoken between Tom and Charley, which had told him that Tom's chance of the seniorship was perilled, through the business connected with Arthur. Mr. Channing had then questioned Tom, and found that it was so. He must speak of this now to Mr. Huntley, however painful it might be to himself to do so. It were more manly to meet it openly than to bury it in silence, and let Mr. Huntley hear of it (if he had not yet heard of it) as soon as he got to Heiston-

"Have you heard anything particular about Arthur lately ?" inquired Mr. Chan-

"Of course I have," was the answer .-Ellen did not fail to give me a full ac count. I congratulate you on possessing such

"Congratulate! To what do you allude! sked Mr. Channing.

"To Arthur's seeking after Jupp's place as oon as he knew that the suit had failed He's a true Channing. I am glad he got it." "Not to that I did not allude to that, hastily rejoined Mr. Chamning.

And then, with downcast eyes, and a downast heart, he related sufficient to put Mr. Huntley in possession of the facts.

Mr. Huntley heard the tale with incredulity, a smile of ridicule parting his lips. " Suspect Arthur of theft " he exclaimed What next? Had I been in my place or he magistrates' bench that day, I should have dismissed the charge at once, upon such defective evidence. Channing, what is the

Mr. Channing laid his hand upon his ach ng brow, and Mr. Huntley had to bend over him to eatch the whispered answer-

"I do fear that he may be milty. If he is not guilty, some strange mystery altogethe attached to it."

"But why do you fear that he is suilty?" sked Mr. Huntley, in surprise.

"Because his own conduct, relative to the charge, is so strange. He will not assert his nnocence; or, if he does attempt to assert it, it is done with a faint, he sitating manner and tone, that can only impart the impression of

"It is utterly abound to suppose your sor Arthur capable of the like guilt. He is one

"I would have suspected myself before I

over the details, as they had been related to thing but choice. But these Prussian backed him. That Arthur was the culprit his judge a respectable, well-conducted, well-conducted, well-conducted, complusion that he would be acreering another mers and conduct admirable. Where could the glaucoit at Mrs. Channing, who sat in the great ofference hell. Not in wages; for

racked with doubt and pain," the answered wives generally, washing the linear at theme. Arthur's private words to mente only com-bening springs, wash, patible with entire imposence; but then, what becomes of the broad facts? on his strange have no water in their own homes, for they appearance of guilt before the world? Got would fleck in numbers to the springs with can bring his innocence to high the says, and their kelt a sud high to the them.

when yer olse may be:"

Arthur Channing. Mr. Huntley was one of walks, its smart company (many of them in those few who read characters strongly and valids nearly as helpless as Mr Channing), surely, and he Amer Arthur was incapable of and its of playing musical bands, as right in doing wrong. Had his eyes witnessed Ar- front of the hotel windows, a pleasant sight that positively steal the bank note, his minds for Mr. Coanning until he could get about his judgment would have refused ordense to there himself. On the heights behind the his eyes. You may, therefore, tudge that mether then nor afterwards, was he likely to seemed that some most all service was for

thur's guilty, I'm est him, and I shall make what would be the effect of the men treat-Mr. Channing explained; at least as much it my business to look into it closely when I ment upon her husband, and tee extralively reach nome. You are inespectated my old trouble regarding Arthur, it would have been a time of real delight to Mrs. Casuning.

" Did Ellen not mention this in writing to

"No; the sly puss! Catch Miss Ellen

A silence followed. The subject, which tween them. A warm attachment had sprung up between Hamish Channing and Eller Huntley; but whether Mr. Huntley would anction it, now that the suit had failed, was doubtful. He had never explicitly manetioned it previously: tacitly, in so far as that he had not interfered to prevent Ellen meeting Hamish in society—in friendly intercourse. Probably he had never looked upon it in a serious point of view; possibly, he had never noticed it. Hamish had not spoken even to Ellen; but, that they did care for each other very much, was evident to those who chose to open their eyes.

"No two people in all Helstonleigh were o happy in their children as you!" exclaimed Mr. Huntley. " Or had such cause to be."

"None happler," assented Mrs. Channing, the tears rising to her eyes. "They were, and are, so good, so dutiful, so loving. you believe that Hamish, little as he can have to spare, has been one of the chief con

Mr. Huntley lifted his eyebrows with a sur prised gesture.

"Hamish has! How did he accomplish it ?" "He has, indeed. I fancy he has been saving up with this view. Dear, self-denying Hamish !

Now, it just happened that Mr. Huntley was cognizant of Mr. Hamish's embarrase ments; so how the "saving up" could have been effected, he was at a loss to know.

"Careless Hamish may have borrowed it," "but saved it up be thought he to himself, has not."

"What are we approaching now?" inter rupted Mr. Channing.

They were approaching the Prussian fron tier; and there they had to change trains: nore embarrasament for Mr. Channing. After that, they went on without interruption, and arrived safely at the terminus, almost close to Borcette, having been about four hours on the road.

" Rerectte at last " cheerily exclaimed Mr. Huntley, as he shook Mr. Channing's hand, Please God, it may prove to you a place of

"Amen " was the sofely murmured answer.

Mrs. Channing was delighted with Borcette. Poor Mr. Channing could as yet see but little of it. It was an unpretending, small place, scarcely ten minutes' distance from Atx-ia-Chapetie, to which she could walk through an avenue of trees. She had never before seen a building jountain of boiling water, and regarded those of Borcette with much interest. The hottest, close to the Hotel Rosenbad, where they adjourned, boast ed a temperature of more than 150 degrees Fabrenheit; it was curious to see it rising in the very middle of the street. Other things amused her, ion; in fact, all she saw was trange, and bore its peculiar interest. She watched the factory people flocking to and fro at stated hours in the day-for Borcette has its factories for weedlen fabrics and looking-glasses -some thousands of souls their promenade as regular and steady as that of school-garls on their daily march under the governess's eye. The men wore blue blouses; the women, nest and clean, wore neither bennets nor caps, but their hair was twisted done by a bait dresser. Not one, women or of those whom it is impossible to doubt no-ble, true, honorable! No: I would suspect the girls platted their hair, and let it hang bemyself, before I could suspect Arther Chan-hind. What a contrast they presented to their class in England? not long before, spent a few weeks in one of had suspected him," introduced space Mr. our large factory towns in the moth. She re-Canning. "But there are the facts, coupled monitored still the miserable, unwholesome, with his non-dental. He could not deny it, dirty, powerts stricker agrees once of inclasses on to the satisfaction of Mr. Celloway, did tory workers there silver almost disgraveful not attempt it; had be done so, Galloway appearance; she remembered still the notices would not have turned him from the office ons or the stone hing manner with which they

Mr. Huntley fell into thought, revolving proceeded to the court, their language anyment entirely repodiated, and he came bothe, of people, their clothes were good, their man You do not believe Arthur collty?" he mans. We should go abroad to learn econosaid, in a low tone, suddenly bending over to my, and many other destrable accompani-I do not know what to believe I am more than to see the hundresses and house

he is content to well the time."

"If there is a mostery, I'll ry and come to different of it, when I reach Helstoneigh," the bettom of it, when I reach Helstoneigh," the helton ideal, when I reach Helstoneigh, the most of from the ascrow, dirty, off-naive streets of the little town, it was desirably It was impossible to shake his firm faith in situated. The promenade, with its broad admit the possibility of Arthur's own guilt.

"And the college shoot is saving Tom sound of which would be walted down in the shall not stand for the seniorship." he reshifted and shortest strains of melody. "In a vast fund of information to be relied on them that.

Breakfast was to be obtained on heard the steamer, and they availed them also of it, as did a sit such they arrived in the bringing the steamer to the side, after they arrived whether from that cause, or the captain's grievance want of wind—or from both, they were in later.

and started on again for the Prussian from the Prussian fro

" As brassy as that, was he? I wish to

goodness it was the fashion to have a clatern

A water cistern, with a movemble top,

worked by a string, at pleasure. You could

give it's pull, you know, when such custo-

mers as those came, and they'd find them-

insoleuce, if anything would. I'd get up a

Jenkins made no reply. He was applying

himself diligently to his work, perhaps ho-

ping that Mr. Roland Yorke might take the

hint, and do the same. Roland actually did

ck, and wrote, at the very least, five or six

ke it, at any rate, he dipped his pen in the

"Jenkins," tegan be again, " do you know

"I don't know anything about it, sir, ex-

I never saw such a north. I wonder who

Jenkins shook his head. No matter what

proach was brought against him, he recei-

"I am not good for much, sir, beyond just

ay daily duty here. To know about Port

Natal and those foreign places is not in my

work, sir, and so I'm afraid I neglect them.

Did you want any information about Port

or reckon yourself good for, Jenkins y"

sed it ansalely, as if it were his due,

ng" erl of Reland

company for it, and take out a patent, if I

yes from his writing.

only had the ready money."

words; then he looked up.

ich about Port Natal

cept that there is such a place.

sitting toom, bearing a great resemblative its muchin curious ones white, from this or two it has been bad a air." oponed a bedroom, containing two bear all three per day, were excellent; he dinner speaker, table to particular being abundantly supplied. For all this they paid five france per day each, and the additional accommodation of having the remain served in their room, on account of Mr. Cuanning, was not regarded as an extra. Their was lights were charged extra, and that was all. I wish English Does it trouble your mind, Jenkins?" hotel-keepers would take a lesson from Bor-

The doctor gave great hopes of Mr. Chan course his expense, with the cost of the baths, was additional; the laundress was, also. The doctor's opinion was, that, had Mr. Changing come to three boths when he was first taken ill, his confinement would have been but triffing.

You will find the greatest bracil in t month," said the doctor, in answer to the anxious question. How long the restoration might be evening " In two months you will walk charmingly; in three, you will be horne ut.

I will not have you say, 'If," cried Mr Hantley, who made one in the consultation with the doctor to You are told that it will be so, under God's blossing, and all you have to do is to anticipate it."

Mr. Channing smiled. They were stationed round the open window of the sittingroom, he on the most comfortable of solar Mrs Channing watching the gay prospect below, and thinking she should never be tired of looking at it.

"There can be no hope without fear,"

"But Pd not think of the fear; I'd bury that, "altogether," said Mr. Huntley. "You have nothing to do, here, but to apply the remedics, look forward with confidence, and he happy as the day's long.

"I will if I can," said Mr. Channing, with some approach to gayety. "I should not have me to the expense of coming here, but that I had great hopes of the result."

Expense, you call it! I call it a marvel of the appear

For your pocket; cheap as it is, it will tell upon mine; but if is does effect my restoration. I shall soon repay it tenfold."

'li' again! It will effect it, I say. What shall you do with Hamish, when you can re some your place at the head of your office?" " Let me resume it, first Huntley."

There you go! Now, if you were only a sanguine and a re as you sught to be, I could recommend Hamish to something good, to morris.

"Indeed! What is it?"

" But, if you persist in saying you shall not get well, or that there's a doubt whether you will get well, where's the use of my doing it So long as you are incapacitated, Hamiah must be a fixture in Guild Street."

" No I shall say no more about it at present But remember, my old friend, that when you need of Hamish-who, I expect, will not care to drop down to a cirrle again, where he has been master. I may be able to help him to something, so do not let articipations on his score worry you. I suppose you will be oring Constance, soon?

Mr. Chaobine gave vent to a groun: sharp attack of his malady pierced his frame just then. Certain reminiscences, caused by the question, may have belied its poignancy; but of that Mr. Huntley had no suspicion

In the evening, when Mrs. Channing was etting under the acocis trees, Mr Huntley issued her, and she took the opportunity of affeding to the subject. " Do not mention it sgain in the presence of my husband," she said "talking of it can only bring it before his mind with more vivid force. Constance and Mr. Yorke have parted."

Had Mrs Channing told him the cathedral had parted. Mr. Huntley could not have felt more surprise.

"Parted" he ejaculated "From what Chame ?"

It occurred through this dreatful affair of Arthur's I fancy that the fault was as much Constance's as Mr. Yorke's but I do not know the exact particulars. He did not like t; he thought, I believe that the marrying a remind him. saster of Arthur's would linge his honor-or she thought it. Any way, they parted

"Had William Yorke been engaged to my ried, as if it were nothing but a common law. dangister, and given her up upon so shallow a pies, I should have been disposed to chasway taken flight to, this afternoon time him," intemperately spoke Mr. Huntley carried away by his strong feeling.

But I say I havey the giving up was on got to mention something to you, Mr. Re-Constance's side," repeated Mrs. Channing "She has a keen sense of honor, and she Innel. knows the pride of the Yorken"

" Pride s ch as that would be the better for being taken down a notch," returned Mr. "I am sorry for this. The accosation has indeed been productive of seriou effects. Why did not Arthur go to William e, and tell him happened to be in his room, unfortunately term his interest there was no cause for their parting? Did

Mrs. Channing shook her head only, b way of answer; and, as Mr. Huntley scrutnized her pale, and countenance, he began think there must be greater mastery about the off it than he had supposed. He said no more

On the taird day he quitted Borcette, h ving seen them, as he expressed it, fully it stalled, and pursued his route homewards, by way of Lilie Calais, and Dover. Mr. Hunt ley was no friend to long sea passages people with plenty of money in their pockets rarely

CHAPTER XXXII

AR OBINOUS COUGH.

"I say, Jenkins, how you cough!" "Yes, sir, I do. It's a sign that the autum

They could not have been better off than in weather's coming on. I have been pretty free quite well enough, without having it left for "You are the best off, Jenkins. You have as that we are living here! sume you cannot be ignorant of the diseatis. the Hotel Received. Their receive were on from it all the summer. I thenk the few days he the second floor - a small, exquisitely pretty I lay in bed, through that fall, must have been to reflect to my cheet, for a new then, burg rooms, is carpet red, I have hard y congress at all. This last day

"What cough d'ye call it?" went on Reland as convenient as it could be. Their meals, Yorke-you may have guessed be wan the "A churchyard congr-

"Well, I don't know, sir," said Jenkins "It Am been called that, before now. I dare eas it will be the end of me at last,

Cool f" speculated Roland, "Cooler than should be, if I had a cough, or any plague of the sort, that was likely to be my end

No. air, not exactly. It gives me rathe down hearted thoughts now and then, till I remember that everything is sure to be ordered for the best. "The liest! Should you call it for 'the

beat' if you were to go off?" demanded Ho land, drawing pen-and-ink chimneys, with clouds of smoke coming out, upon his blot ting-paper, as he sat lazely at his deak

"I dare say, ser, if that were to happen, I should be enabled to see that it was for the beat. There's no dealet of it.

"According to that theory, everything that happeen must be for the best. You may a well." Cheering news, if it could only be well ear that pitching on to your head and hal killing yourself, was for the best ! Moonshine

"I think even that accident was sent for some wise purpose, s.r. I know, in some respecie, it was very pulpably for the lest. It afforded me some days of quest, of serious reflection, and it served to show how conside rate everybody was for me." " And the pain?"

"Ob november" returned Reland "He

cause one's mother dies, is that any reason

why we should fall into low spirits and take

up the notion that we are going to die, and

ok out for it? I am surprised at you, Jon

"I am not in low spirits, sir; and I am

sure I don't look out for it. I might have

looked out for it in any autumn or any spring

of late, had I been that way inclined, for

have had the cough at those periods, as you

know, sir. There's a difference, Mr. Roland

between looking out for a thing, and not shut-

"I say, old fellow, you just put all such

notions awa, from you" and Rotand really meant to speak in a kindly spirit of cheering

My father died of dropsy, and I may just

well set on, and poke and pat at myse

every other merelog, to see if it's not attack

ing mrs. Only think what would become of

tion office, without you! Cinllowey would

A smile crossest Jenkins's face at the ide-

Roland Yorke. Poer Jenkins was one of the

doubtful ones, in a sanstory point of view

bem away, and for some years suffering much

from a cough, which only despreased i

summer, he could not, and did not, com

upon a long life. He had entryly recovered

from his accident, but the cough had now

come on with much force, and he was feeling

"Don't I, sir? The Reverend Mr. Yorke

Don't bring up his name before me " in

rrupted R land, raising his voice to anger

"Why, what has he done?" wondered Jen

"Never mind what he has done," nooded

"He is a disgrace to the

Yorke. I enjoyed the pleasure of to ling his

anything a long while. He was so mad!

but he'd have pitched into me

he had not been a parson, I shouldn't wonder

" Mr. Roland, sir, you know the parties are

Let the parties wait," rejoined Robert

Do they think this office is going to be four

yer's? I say, Jenkins, where has old Gaile

He has an appointment with the surre

" A person came this metning, sir, and was

rather lond," said Jenkins, in a tone of de-

precation, as if he would applied for having

to repeat the news "He thought you were

in, Mr Roland, and that I was only denying

and heard it, and he came out himself, a

slance it on the edge of his nose.

Who was it?" asked he

wanted payment of a bill, ser."

dare the come here ?"

ming bere.

sent the person away. Mr. Galloway was

very angry, and he desired me to tell you,

sir, that he would not have that sort of people

Reland took up the ruler, and essayed to

ou, and he gree insolent. Mr. Galloway

gate," answered Jenkins, "Oh!-I quite for

Mention it now," said Reland.

waiting for that lease," Jenking ventured to

I may begin to awear, perhaps, if you de

"You don't look ill, Jenkins"

Always shadowy, as if a wind would

the office confided to the insuagement of

fret and fume homself into his tomb, at only

having me in it.

inumually weak

Bleetman. 1.

ting one's eyes to what may come,"

kins.

"I have got it," said Reland; "loads of it. I am not sure that I shan't make a start for "That was soon over, air. It made me think of that better place where there will be it, Jenkins." no pain. If I am to be called there easly, Mr. For Port Natal, sir? Why, it's all the way to Africa!" Roland, it is well that my thoughts should be

Do you suppose I thought it was in Roland stared with all his eyes "I say Jenkins, what do you mean? You have go

Wales?" retorted Roland, "It's the joillest opening for an enterprising man, is Port nothing serious the matter with you?" You may land there to-day with a " No, sir; nothing but the cough, and half-a-crown in your pocket, and come away in a year or two with your fortune made. weakness that I feel. My mother and my brother both died of the same thing, sir.

Natal, Mr. Roland Y

Indeed?" ejsculated Jenkins. "How is i "Oh, you learn all that when you get there.

shall go, Jenkins, if things don't look up a

What things, sir ?" Jenkins ventured to

"Tin, for one thing, work for another answered Reland. "If I don't get more of the one, and less of the other, I shall try Port I had a row with my lady at dinner She thinks a paltry sovereign or two night to last a fellow for a month. My ser vice to her! I just dropped a bint of Port Natal, and left her weeping. She'll have , by this evening, and behave libe

But, about the work, sir?" and Jenkin The same I make it as light for you as I possibly can. You have only had that leave, sir, all yesterday and to day."

Oh, it's not just the amount of work, tensing," acknowledged Roband: "I's the eing and by the leg to this borrid old office. have been fit to out it altogether every hour. ince Arthur Channing left; for you know race no company, Jenkins.

Very true, a It I could only get Arthur Channing to ith me, I'd be off to morrow! But he oughs at it. He hasn't got half pluck. Only Jenkins! my coming back in a year or ith twenty thousand pounds in my Wouldn't I give you a treat, old I'd pay's couple of clerks to do your here, and carry you off somewhere, in pute of old Gallowny, for a six mouths' holi day, where you'd get rid of that precious

rough. I would, Jensine, " You are very kind, sir. 1 ...

Jorkins was stopped by the "previous It seemed completely to rack his rance. Reland looked at him with sympathy and just then steps were heard to enter the passage, and a knock came to the office

Who's come bothering now?" crie. Ro-"Come in "

I' saib's the mandate was not heard, for neer Johlins was coughing still. Don't I cell you to come in?" foured out

Roland. " Are you deat " "Open the door. I don't eare to soil my gloves," came back the answer from the other

And Mr. Roland and off his stool to obey rather less lardy than usua, for the voice was that of his mother, the Lady Augusti

1 .che "A very duriful son you are, Mr Reland! was the solutation of Lady Augusta. "Forcit a not the from my dinner before I had nin-

Yes, you did. With your threats about Port Natal. What do you know about Port Naisl? Why should you go to Port Natal? You will break my heart with grief, that's

" I was not coinc to start this afternoon. returned Robins " But, the fact is, mother, I shall have to go to Port Natal, or to some other p rt, unless I can get a little money to go on with here. A tellow can't walk about

You undititul, extravigant have exclaimed Lady Augusta. "I am werried out of my life for movey between you all, Garaid g it tal sovereigns from me yesterday. What money do you want?"

have seen the man somewhere. I think he | "As much as you can let me have," replied Mr Brigad. Lady Augusta threw a five-pound note by

"Nothing more likely." rejoined Roland. with characteristic indifference. "I superior his side upon the desh. head won't ache till be gets i ! I am cleared." When you boys ha

"When you boys have driven me into the out for some time to come. I'd like to know workhouse, you'd be satisfied, perhaps. And might pun su him for his impedence. How Natal."

he said Mr. Roland Yorke knew his name to Jonkina.

no children to disturb your peace. You don't You are as obstinate as a young mule. Fil fied feeling that reigns in the school?" look well, Jenkins," "Thank you, kindly, my lady, I do feel

your house-roofs?" emphasically added but poorly. My cough has become so troublesome again. "A what, sir?" cried Jenkins, lifting his He has just been saying that he thought the cough was going to take him off," inter-

posed Reland. Lady Augusta laughed; she supposed it was poken in jest; and desired her son to open the door for her. Her gloves were new and selves under a deluge; that would cool their | delicate.

"Had you chosen to remain at the dinner table, as a gentleman ought, I should have told you some news, Mr. Roland," said Lady Augusta.

Roland was always ready for news. He sened his eyes and ears. Tell it me now, good mother. Don't bear

Vour anele Carrick is coming here an a

"I am glad of that; that's good!" cried Roland. "When does he come? I say, mo-ther, don't be in a harry! When does he

But Lady Augu ta apparently was in a urry, for she did not wait to answer. Rohand looked after her, and saw her shaking ands with a gentleman, who was about t enter

Oh, he's back, is he?" cried unceremoni as Roland. "I thought he was dead and buried, and gone to heaven."

CHAPTER XXXIII.

SO SENIORSHIP FOR TOM CHANNING

Shaking hands with Lady Augusta Yorke as she turned out of Mr. Galloway's office, was Mr. Huntley. He had but just arrived at Helstonleigh; had not yet been home; but he explained that he wished to give at once a word of pleasant news to Constance Channing of her father and mother, and on his way to the Boundaries, was calling in on Mr. Galloway.

"You will find Miss Channing at my house," said Lady Augusta, after some warm inquiries touching Mr and Mrs. Channing I would offer to go back there with you, but I am on my way to make some calls She turned towards the town as she spoke and Mr. Huntley entered the office,

"I thought you were never coming hom gain !" cried free Holand. " Why, you have en away three months, Mr. Huntley!" Very nearly. Where is Mr. Galloway ?"

"In his skin," said Roland. Jenkins looked up deprecatingly, as if he

would apologize for the rudeness of Roland Vorke

" Mr. Galloway is out, sir. I dare say be will not be away more than half an hour." "I can't wait now," said Mr. Huntley. " So on are one less in this office than you were when I left ?"

The awfullest shame !" struck in Reland. Have you heard that Galloway lost a banknote out of a letter, sir ?"

Yes. I have heard of it from Mr. Chan-

"And they accused Arthur Channing of taking it?" exclaimed Roland, emotion and anger bringing a streak of scarlet to his face They took him up for it, he was had up twice to the Town hall, like any felon. You may be slow to believe it. Mr. Huntley, but it's true.

"It was Butterby, sir," interposed Jenkins, "He was rather too officious over it, and acted without the orders of Mr. Galloway "Don't talk rubbish Jenkins," rebuked Ro

and. "You have defended Galloway all through the piece, but he is as much to blame as Rutterby. Why did he turn off Chan

" You do not deem him guilty, Roland, I see," said Mr. Huntley.

" I should hope I don't," answered Roland Butterby pitched upon Arthur, because there happened to be nobody else convenient to pitch upon; just as he'd have pitched upon

" Mr. Arthur Channing was not guilty, 1 in sure, sir; pray do not think him so," re sumed Jenkins, his eye lighting as he turned to Mr. Hantley. And Mr. Huntley smiled in response to the earnestness. He believe Ar-

thur Channing guilty! He left a message for Mr. Galloway, and quitted the office. Reland, who was very difficult to settle to work again, if once turbed from it, strided himself across hi stool, and tilted it backwards.

"I'm uncommonly glad Carrick's com eried he, "Do you remember him, Jenkins "

"Win, sir " "That uncle of mine. He was at Helston leigh three years ago."

"I am not sure that I do. sir "

"What a sieve of a memory you must have! He is as tall as a house. We are not

bad fellows for height, but Carrick beats us. He is not married, you know, and we look to him to square up many a corner. To do him ustice, he never says no, when he has got the ash, but he's often out at elbows himself. It was he bought George his commission and of its master; but the is different. Is it or to him to find the funds Gerald will want to make him a parson. I wonder what he'll do John was about to answer, but was

ed by his cough. For some minutes it tions upletely exhausted him; and Roland, in the lack of a hearer, was fain to bring the legs of his stool down again, and apply him-If lazily to his work

At this very moment, which was not much and esteem you highly; we could not have, past two o'clock in the day, Bywater had got or wish, a better preceptor for our sons. But ring my absence," continued Mr. Huntley.-Charley Channing pinned against the pailings in this instance, my cuty is plain. The injusunderneath the elm trees. He had him all tice-if any such injustice is contemplated- making wind has been arising between you who the fellow was, though, Jenkins, that I now hold your feelish tongue about Port to himself. No other boys were within hear-tells particularly upon Tom Channing and and William Yorke?"

give you this one chance, and I'll not give you another. I'd advise you to lay hold upon it, if you have any regard for your skin."

"I don't know anything, Bywater."

"You shuffling little turncost! I don't know that there's any fire in that kitchen chimney of the old dean's, but I am morally certain that there is, because of the clouds of black smoke that are coming out of it. And you know just as well who it was played the the lowest. But if the two senior boys do trick to my surplice. I don't want you to blurt it out to the school, and I won't bring your name up in it at all; I won't act upon what you tell me. There !" "Bywater, I don't know; and suspicion

goes for nothing. Gaunt said it did not." Bywater gave Charley a petulant shake.

"I say that you know morally, Miss Channing. I protest that I heard you mention the word 'surplice' to Gerald Yorke, the day there was that row in the cloisters, when Roland Yorke gave Tod a thrashing. Gerald Yorke looked ready to kill you for it, too! Come, out with it. This is about the sixth time I have had you in trap, and you have only de-

"I don't defy you, Bywater. I say that I will not tell. I would not if I knew. It is no business of mine."

"You little ninny! Don't you see that your obstinacy is injuring Tom Channing? Yorke is going in for the seniorship; is sore to get it-if it's true that Pye has given the promise to Lady Augusts. But, let it come out that he was the Jack-in-the box, and his chance falls to the ground. And you won't say a word to de good to your brother !"

Charley shook his head. He did not take the bait.

"And Tom himself would be the first to punish me for doing wrong! He never for gives a sneak. I'ts of no use your keeping me, Bywater.'

"Listen, youngster. I have my suspicions; I have had them all along; and I have a clue-that's more. But, for a certain reason. I think my suspicions and my clue point to the wrong party; and I don't care to stir in it till I am sure. One-two-three! for the last time. Will you tell me?" " No.

Then, look you, Miss Charles Channing If I do go and denounce the wrong party and find out afterwards that it is the wrong one, I'll give you as sweet a drubbing as you ever had, and your girl's face shan't save you. Now go.

He propelled Charley from him with jerk, and propelled him against Mr. Huntley, who was at that moment turning the corne close to them, on his way from Mr. Gallo way's office.

"You can't go through me, Charley," said Mr. Huntley. "Did you think I was made of glass, Bywater ?"

My patience!" exclaimed Bywater Why, Harry was grumbling, not five minutes ago, that you were never coming ome at all, Mr. Huntley."

"He was, was he? Is he here?"

"Oh, he's somewhere among the ruck of hem there," cried Bywater, looking towards the distant boys. "He wants you to see about this bother of the seniorship; if somebody doesn't, we shall get up a muriny, that's all. Here, Huntley," he shouted at the top of his voice, "here's an arrival from foreign parts.

Some of the nearer boys looked round, and he word was passed to Huntley. Harry Huntley and the rest soon surrounded him and Mr. Huntley had no cause to complain of the warmth of his reception. When news had recently arrived that Mr. Hantley was oming home, the boys had taken up the rope of his interference. Of course, schoolboy-like, they all entered upon it eagerly.

Stop, stop, stop!" said Mr. Huntley One at a time. How can I hear, if you all talk together? Now, what's the griev-

ance They detailed it as rationally and with a you, Mr. Huntley, had you happened to be in Huntley was the only senior present, but little noise as it was in their nature to do,

Gaunt came up during the co-ference. "It's ail a big cram, Mr. Huntley," cried Tom Yorke. "My brother Gerald says that Jenkins dreamt it."

"I'll 'dream' you, if you don't keep your tongue silent, Tom Yorke," reprimanded Gaunt. "Take yourself off to a distance. Mr. Huntley," he added, turning to that gentleman, "it is certain that Lady Augusta aid it; and we can't think she'd say it, uness Pye promised it. It is unfair upon Chaning and Huntley."

A few more words given to the throng, general matters-for Mr. Huntle tsuched no more on the other subject-and hen be continued his way to Lady Augusta's. As he passed the house of the Reverend Mr. Pve, that gentleman was coming out of man, entered upon the matter at once, after some moments spent in greeting. "You will pardon my speaking of it to you

personally," he said, when he had introduced it "In most cases I consider it perfec ly unjustifiable for the friends of boys in a pub- forehead. school to interfere with the executive affoat to exalt Yorke to the seniorship?" "Mr. Huntley, you mut be aware that in

o our can the head master of a public school allow himself to be interfered with or ques-"," was the reply of the master,

"I hope you will meet this a micably," re turned Mr. Huntley. "I have no other wish journ, was almost like seeing them. than to be friendly; quite so. We all deem ourselves under obligations to you, Mr. Pye, isght punse him for his impodence. How isght punse him for his impodence. How is a sight punse him for his impodence him for his him for his impodence him for his him for his impodence him for his impodence him for his impodence him for his impodence him for his him for his impodence him for him for his him for him for his him

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"I have intimated that I will not be questioned," said Mr. Pye.

"Quite right. I merely wished to express a hope that there may be no foundation for the rumor. If Tom Channing and Harry forfeit their rights legally, through want of merit, or ill conduct, it is not that I would urge a word in their favor. Fair play's a jewel; and the highest boy in the school should have no better chance given him than do not so forfeit their rights, Yorke must not be exalted above them."

"Who is to dictate to me?" demanded Me Pye.

Certainly not I," replied Mr. Huntley, in a courteous but firm tone. "Were the thing to take place, I should simply demand, through the dean and chapter, that the charter of the school might be consulted, as to whether its tenets had been strictly follow-The head master made no reply. Neither

did he appear angry; only impassible. Mr. Huntley had certainly hit the right nail upon the head; for the master of Helstonleigh College school was entirely under the control of the dean and chapter. "I can speak to you upon this all the more

freely and with better understanding, since it is not my boy who stands any chance," said Mr. Huntley, with a cordial smile. "Tom Channing heads him on the rolls "

"Tom Channing will not be the senior; I have no objection to affirm so much to you," observed the master, falling in with Mr. Hunt. ey's manner. "This sad affair of his brother Arthur's debars him.'

"It ought not to debar him, even were Arthur guilty," warmly returned Mr. Huntley.
"In justice to Tom Channing himself, no. But," and the master dropped his voice to a confidential tone, "it is necessary sometimes to study the prejudices taken up by a school: to see them, and not to appear to see them -if you understand me. Were Tom Channing made the school's head, part of the school would rise up in rebellion; some of the boys would, no doubt, be removed from it. For the peace of the school alone, it could not be done; the boys would not now obey

him as senior, and there would be perpetual warfare, resulting we know not in what. "Arthur Channing was not guilty. I feel

as sure of it as I do of my own life. "He is looked upon as guilty by those who must know best, from their familiarity with the details," rejoined Mr. Pve. "For my own part, I have no resource but to believe him so. I regard it as one of those anomalies which you cannot understand, or would believe in, but that it happens under your own eye, where the moment's yielding to emptation is at variance with the general character, with the whole past life. Of course, in these cases, the disgrace is reflected upon relatives and connections, and they have to suffer for it. I cannot help the

school, resenting it upon Tom. "It will be cruel to deprive Tom of the seniorship upon these grounds," remonstrated

Mr. Huntley. "To himself individually," assented the master. "But it is well that one, promoted to a foundation-school's seniorship, should be free from mortal taint. Were there no feeling whatever against Tom Channing in the school, I do not think I could, consistent with my duty and with a doe regard to the titness of things, place him as senior. I am sorry for the boy; I always liked him; and he has been of good report both as to scho

larship and conduct." "I know one thing," said Mr. Huntley, that you may search the school through and not find so good a senior as Tom Channing would make.

"He would have made a very good one, there's no doubt. Would have ruled the boys well and firmly, though without oppression. Yes, we lose a good senior in Tom

Channing There was no more to be said. Mr. Huntley felt that the master was thoroughly decided; and, for the other matter, touching Yorke, he had done with it until the time of appointment. As he went musing on, he began to think that Mr. Pye might be right with regard to depriving Tom of the seniorship, however unjust it might appear to Tom himself. Mr. Huntley remembered that not one of the boys, except Gaunt, had mentioned Tom Channing's name in his recent en counter with them; they had spoken of the injustice of exalting Yorke over Harry Huntley. He had not much noticed it at the

He proceeded to Lady Augusta's, and Contance was informed of his visit. She had three pupils at Lady Augusta's now, for that lady had kindly insisted that Constance should bring Annabel to study with her daughters, during the absence of Mrs. Chanit. Mr. Huntley, a decisive, straightforward ning. Constance left them to themselves and entered the drawing room. Presty Constance! so fresh, so lovely, in her simple dress of muslin, and her smoothly braided hair. Mr. Hundey caught her bands, and imparted a very fatherly kiss upon her fair

"That is from the absentees, Constance. I told them I should give it to you. And I fitted him out; and I know my lady looks is it not correct, that there is an intention bring you the bravest news, my dear. Mr. Channing was already finding benefit; he was, indeed; there is every hope that he will be restored."

Constance was radiant with delight. To see one who had seen and stayed with her father and mother at their far-off place of so-

"And now, my dear, I want a word with ou about all these untoward triels and troubles, which appear to have come thickly ou-"First of all, as to yourself. What mischief-

Visuchs nor di brition, lichted Huntle But ! his mar ed Mr. tjernan

stance ! nent a Rela "Tu ley! I He stor

me," he resumed. "I heard of these things Borcette, and I said that I should under the to inquire into them in the place of your father: just as he, health permitting him ould have undertaken for me in my absence did any trouble prise to Elien. Is it true that you and Mr. Yorke have parted?"

Yes," faltered Constance.

" And the cause ?"

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Constance strove to suppress her tears. "You can do nothing, Mr. Huntley; no thing whatever. Thank you all the same." He has made this accusation upon Ar

that the plea for breaking his engagement? "I could not marry him with this cloud apon me," she murmured. "It would not be

" (Soud upon you!" bastily ejaculated Mr. Hantley. "The accusation of Arthur was the sole cause, then, of your parting?" "Yes; the sole cause which led to it."

Mr. Hanticy paused, apparently in thought, He is presented to Hazeldon Chapel, I hear. Did his rupture with you take place ofter that occurrence ?"

"I see what you are thinking," she impulsively cried, caring too much for Mr. Yorke not to defend him. "The chief fault of the parting was mine. I felt that it would not to become his wife, being-being-" she hesitated much-" Arthur's sister. I believe that he also felt it. Indeed, Mr. Huntley, there is no help for it; nothing can be

"Knowing what I do of William Yorke, I am sure that the pain of separation must be keen, whatever may be his pride. Constance, unless I am mistaken, it is equally keen to you."

Again rose the soft damask blush in the face of Constance. But she answered deci-

ject to cease. Nothing can bring about a re-newal of the engagement between myself and Mr. Yorke. It is irrevocably at an end." "Until Arthur shall be cleared, you

"No," she answered, a vision of Hamish and his guilt flashing across her, ' I mean for

Why does not Arthur assert his innoceace to Mr. Yorke? Constance, I am sure you know, as well as I do, that he is not guilty. Has he asserted it?"

A rush of glowing crimson now. The testions were becoming close. She made

As I would have wished to serve you, so will I serve Arthur," said Mr. Huntley. "I teld your father and mother, Constance, that I should make it my business to investigate

Constance buried her face in her hands and harst into tears. The next moment she had taked it, and taken Mr. Huntley's hand be-

"You are papa's friend! you would do us good, and not harm-is it not so?" she beseechingly said.

"My dear child," he exclaimed, quite conbunded by her words—her distress, "you know that I would not harm any of you for

supported in the limits of the confederacy.—
By, he passed his arm within Mr. Hunity's,
"Galloway's come in now," he exclaimed,
and I am off to the bank, to pay in a bay of
money for him. Jenkins told him you had
called. Just hark at that clatter?"

The claster, alluded to by Mr. Roland, was
eccasioned by the tramp of the choristers on
the closter flags. They were coming up behind, full speed, on their way from the schoolroom to enter the cathedcal, for the bell had
because for accretion.

Supported in the limits of the confederacy.—
He therefore sagae ously advises that the warbe carried at once into the free States. He is
informed that in southern Illinois, Indiana
and Onto, there is a lage population in sympathy with the rebels, and disposed to give
them sid and comfort. This is Letcher's
"The PRETT Chor.—From all parts of the
safe we hear of the prospects for the fruit
crap. The p acts or clarked caps canly are
said to present the most profife appearance
that has been noticed for many years.—He l.

Gazette. begun for service.

"And here comes that beautiful relative of mine," continued Roland, as he and Mr. Huntley passed the college entrance and turned to the west gate of the cloisters - "Would you credle it, Mr. Hantley that he as turned out a speak? He has, He was to have married Constance Channing, you know; and, for fear Arthur should bave eiched the note, he has declared off it. If I were Constance, I would never allow the fel w to speak to me again."

Apparently it was the course Mr. Reland medf intended to take. As the Rev. Mr. Yorke, who was coming in to service, drew ear, Roland strode on, his step haughty, hi head in the air, which was all the notice in courbsafed to take. Probably the minor ca not did not care very much for Mr. Roland's notice, one way or the other; but his eye "hted with pleasure at the sight of Mr Hantley, and he advanced to him, his hand

But Mr. Huntley-a man given to show in his manner his likes and distikes-would no see the hand, would not stop at all, but passed Mr. Yorke with a distant bow. That gen tiernan had fallen pretty deep in his estimathe, since he heard of the rupture with Constance Cuanning. Mr. Yorke stood for a moment as if perrified, and then strode on his way with a step as haushty as R dand's

R dand burst into a glow of delight Tust's the way to serve him, Mr. Huntley! I hope he'll get out by every man in (TO BE CONTINUED.)

Children's games seem to be growing copular with adults now-a-days, as it is not an becommon thing to see men of all ages chawing Acops in the street.

NEWS ITEMS.

It is said that Com. Foote will remain at leveland until sufficiently recovered to return to the flotills.

A LETTER of the 8th instant, from Beaufort, S. C., says that that place is a delightful and healthy one. The soldiers never enjoyed better health.

turn to the fieldills.

A LETTER of the 6th instant, from Bean A LETTER of the 6th instant of the 6th

Since the removal of the national troops from Kentucky to the States further south, the secession sentiment in that State has be-come very apparent. General Wool's arrival at Norfolk pre-

vented the sale of three hundred and sixteen free blacks, of both sexes, who were adver-

free backs, or both sexes, who were adver-tised to be sold.

SUFFOLK, a town about seventeen miles by rail, from Norfolk, was occupied by the Union forces on Sunday week. No rebel troops were to be found in the surrounding

I should make it my business to investigate the charge against him; I shall leave not a stone unturned to bring his innocence to light."

The avowal threw Constance into a panic, and she lost her self-possession.

"Ou, don't!" she uttered. "You must not, indeed! You do not know the mischief it might do."

"Mischief to what?—to whom?" exclaimed Mr. Huntley.

the city of Charleston and ten miles of the surrounding country.

The Mempins Appeal says the Government wants and must have all the tin roofs on cotton sheds in that city.

Chiskise More or Trikating Rehels.—The lapperal Government of China makes short work of the rebels they capture. At Shanghai, February 15th, they decapitated one hundred and torty-eight who had been taken prisoners. They were placed in rows of three, on a piece of spare ground, when two mandarins, each armed with a powerful sword, about nine feet long, commenced operations at each extremity, making a clean

know that I would not barm any of you for the world."

"Then proy do not seek to dive into that unhappy story," she implored. "It must not be too closely boked into."

And Mr. Hantley quitted Constance, iske a man who walks upon his head, so entirely smazed was he. What could be the puzzle?

As he was going through the cloisters—his heartst way to the town—Roland Yorkscane flying up; with his usual scant ceremody, he passed his arm within Mr. Huntley's, "Golden and into the confederates. He therefore sagae onely advises that the war first the cerried at once into the Fee States.

THE document published in the New Or The document published in the New Or-leans Morning Deits, purporting to be a pro-test from the commander of the French war vessel-new-lying in that porting sinst-the bom-hardment of the city by the Federal facet, is pronounced a forgery. The Evening Deits of the same date says that it is "repudiated by the parties in whose name it purports to have been addressed"—Memphis Eccuring Ap-rical.

HOT WEATHER.-The weather is reported to be extremely warm at the South. On the clist thinne, the thermometer at Ship Island, occorning to a statement in the Beston Jour-cal, stand 105 degrees.

Last Sunday, the Rev. Mr. Chapin, of New Ork, was unable to preach, and the congression was surprised to find Horace Greeley.

The New Orleans (robel) papers contain the following:—
SUDDEN CHANGES.—Lafayette Square has undergone a sudden and violent change. The gay, gallant and luxuriant Confederate Guards, who, a few days ago occupied the grounds with their beautiful tents and sumptions camp equipage, their gaslighted guard houses, and their elegantly dressed and most substantially conditioned soldiers, have suddenly and mysteriously disappeared, whither no one hereabouts can inform us; and even if we knew, Gen. Butter's proclamation would not permit us to say. Their places are occupied by a regiment, we believe, from Wisconsin, or some other northern state, of blue sin, or some other northern state, of blue jacketed, sunburnt and very sedate-looking packeted, summing and the soldiers, who appear to have encountered much more of the hardships and exposure of war than the Confederates ever endured.—

UNITED STATES FORCES, Several United States vessels arrived last evening, crowded with troops. Among them we recognized the Empire City, formerly running between this port and New York, and the Missesoppi, of port and New York, and the Mississippi, of Boston. About six o'clock three regiments dissembarked, and marching d with the levee to Poydras street, thence to St. Crarles and along Canal, were in part quartered in the Custom House. The remainder returned in the direction of their vessels. We are not aware that any demonstration was made by the populace during the march of these regiments. There are probably from five to six thousand United Statessoldiers, and more are expected.—N. O. Delta, May 2d.

State:—A baker, residing in the First District, had over his door a year or more ago a flaming sign, with the words, "United States Bakery," and shortly afterwards it was "Con-

naming sign, with the words, "United States Bakery," and shortly afterwards it was "Con-lederate States Bakery," A few days ago he chalked out the word "Confederate," and it now stands "States Bakery," leaving a blank for what might turn up. The fellow is an old

THE HOMESTEAD ACT.

The recent bill passed is a complete Home-lead Act. The following is a synopsis of its

All the lands owned by the government are

Any person can enter, under this act, land n waich he has a pre-emption clar

WEEKLY REVIEW OF THE

PHILADELPHIA MARKETS.

FLOUR AND MEAL—The receipts and stock of Frour are on the mercase, and some 8000 bhis have been disposed of, partly for export, at it regular rates, including common Western and good Pennsylvania superfine at \$4,789.5 somethodse city mills do, \$5,35, mixed Western and good Pennsylvania superfine at \$4,879.005,00, docsara family at \$5,1219.005.87 j, and fairly brands at \$6005,00 as in quality. Her Flour is arriving and setting stowy at about \$5,00 p bhi. Corn. Meat is rather more series, with sales of some 1800 bbis Pennsylvania to notice, mostly at \$2,05,g p bbi. and 1500 bbis Brandywine at a price kept private.

Note in the priper in his stead.

A MAINE editor thus dissinguishes between different sorts of patriotism:—" Some esterm it sweet and decorous to die for one's country; ethers regard it sweet to live for one's country; and yet others hold it to be sweeters at it to live upon one's country."

FORLIONERS IN THE SOUTH — At the late arm of the Funton (Georgia) Superior Court, Judge Buil, among other matters given in charge to the grand jury, re ommended the prosecution of all foreign born citizens who have excited the rights of citizenship and now claim exemption from minitary service in the Contederate army upon the ground had they are the saffects of a foreign go vernum in the contended that they are the saffects of a foreign go vernum in the contended that they are guilty of a miselemeanor, and ought to be sent to the benifermityre.

John M. Bortis who has been imprisoned in Richanond for some months, has teen released on condition of removing to the in erior and housing he communication with any one except his own family.

Napuleon III is carrying the war into Africa—the war against thirst. He is aving a line of wells sur k from the Freinh colony of Algeria to the Freinh colony of Algeria to the Freinh colony of the greatest of human beneficiors. In Africa his name will be writ in water, and written immortally.

RETURNING TO THE HATTLE FIELD—The sick and wounded soldiers in the West are fast recovering, and already they begin to return to their regiments at Pittaburg Landing. The Evansyllist (Indiana) Journal says crowds of them are daily passing through that city for the battle field.

hhds at 24gr35c for clayed, 27ggs3c for Curss, Muscovado, and 36gr38c for Porto Kico, on time. Syrup has also advanced.

PLASTER is arriving and selling more freely, and soft is quoted at \$2,50 p ton.

RICE is unchanged, and a small business doing in East India at \$15 garbig w lb.

SEEDS—The active season is over, and there is very little officing or selling to after quotations. Some small lots Cloverseed have been picked up at \$4,50 and 200 bush 7 limothy sold at \$1,75 p bush. Plusseed is sancted at \$2 p bush, and Red Top is steady at \$25 p sack.

SPIRITS—The market for Brandy is firm, with about the usual business doing. Gins are also dirm, but quiet. N. E. Run is selling at 26gr37c. Wi iskey has been more active, with large sates of Pennsylvada and Ohio bible at 24gr35c, the latter for prime; hids 21c, and druge at 23c, now held higher.

ter for prime; blids 25e, and drudge at 25e, now held higher.

8 CGAUS. The morket is firm, and the demand good, both from the trade and the refiners, and 15-0 high bave been taken on landing at hely former rates, mostly Cuba, within the range of 65\(\frac{1}{3}\)\(\text{col}\) \(\text{col}\) and Porto Rico at 86\(\text{8}\)\(\text{col}\) \(\text{col}\) and the new and credit.

TALLOW—The offerings and sales are light, and the market firm at 8\(\text{col}\)\(\text{col}\) the Vestern and City, and 8\(\text{col}\)\(\text{col}\) for recently rendered.

TOBACO is quiet, and prices are unsettled for most kirds, with a very reduced clock of framefactured to operate in.

WOOL continues almost at a stand still and the market is unsettled and drooping, the sales being mostly in small lots at irregular rates, in cluding some unwashed at 25\(\text{col}\)\(\text{col}\)

PHILADELPHIA CATTLE MARKETS. The supply of Beef Cattie during the past week amounted to shoot 11.4 head. The prices realized were from \$10.9% cents \$10.150 Cowe brough from \$20.00 Sheep were sold at from \$4 to 4,50 great gross. 1000 lings sold at \$5,00 to 5,75 great net.

MARRIAGO.S.

On the 9th instant, by the Rev. Samuel Dur-borow, John R. Wrish, to Miss Elles A. Packer, both of this city. On the 49th instant, by the Rev. Jos. Missin, Mr. Addison Bratsania, of New York, to Re-Becca, daughter of the late John Lloyd, of this city. On the 15th instant, by the Rev. J. C. Clay. D. D. Mr. dosein Royal, to Miss Man. Wat-lace, both of this city. On the 8th of May, by the Rev. Will C. Roblin-ron, Mr. Harry F. Stigment, to Miss Salatio. Description, both of this city.

All the bands owned by the government are open to a tilement under it in quantities not exceeding 160 acros to each person.

Any person who is a citizen of the United States, or has declared intention to become such, who is 21 years old, or the bead of a family, or has served in the unitary or naval service of the country during this rebellion, can make the entry on payment of ten d diars, and the fees of the repister and receiver of the Lane Office. That is all the settler has to tay at any time.

The act takes effect on the 1st of January next, and requires a residence and cultivation of the extraction of the settler has the country during the settler has to tay at any time.

DIATIE.

panied by a responsible ment

on the 23d instant, Mr. Jone WHITE, In his 65) year.

At Hamilton, Wayne county Pa on the 17th
of May, Rev. Elowis, Mayneshart, who was
Rector of St. John's Church, at that place, for 17 Surderly, on the 30th instant, William Fa-188, aged 81 years. On Monday morning, 18th instact, Harnor, taughter of John M. and Parriet Kennedy, and II verse.

oge 117 years

On Saturday, 17th instant, Maniassa Kira,
daughter of stephen Fuguet, or her 22d year
At his residence near Westfield, N. J. on the
18th instant, designs 37 none agod 4, years
On the 18th instant, Mrs. / years in Satassa,
Laste, wife of Gapt. With Saturday, in her dock
pear.

To the 18th instant of the saturday of the first On the 12 h metent, Chancerra I room, to

her 24th year.
In Camben, N. J. on the 19th instant, M. Jours,
Paous, in his ofth year.
Couldenly, on the 19th instant, Hexari Baccass,
In his 27th year.

On the 18th instant, Evenga, wife of the late John Dudley, in her 39th year. On M anday insening the 19th instant, Genoros Eseas, in his Sun year.

L The Frankin Sewish Manufacturing and another of a tive Lord and Traveting Agents. A merid salary and express paid or

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Thirty cents a line for each insertion. Per Payment is required in advance

THE SATURDAY AND SO POST S. DEX THE SEA NAME AS NO TO THE CONTROL OF THE SEA NAME OF THE SEA NAME OF THE SEA OF T A SUNTER No. 07 Third St. Several . . .

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BANK NOTE LIST. CORRECTED FOR THE SATURDAY EVENTION FOR BY WITHERS & PETERSON, HANKERS,

No ste south third sin Pitinsopote, May 24 1869.

Fisher, which challenge comparison with any thing produced in the country, by mail, post paid, at 25 cents each, or 5 for \$1. Among them are Lieutenant-G-neral SC-7TT, and our Major Generals, as follows:

Maj.-Gen. McClenlas. do. Halber. do. Haske. do. Firstowr. do. Grany. do. Botens Also, "WOMEN OF THE BIBLE" Twelve exquisite personitications, vis

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Of all flavors, as follows: CABANAS, at \$9 \$1 100 LA RIFICA, at 46 \$2 100 LA HIGUENAS, at 46 \$2 100.

LA EMPKERSA, at \$3 \$1 100 COLD, SPARKLING

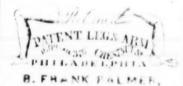
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Drawn from a large, Silver Frontialn, if 3 cents per glass, at KOLLOCK 8 New Drug Store, Corner of Brone and Chestnut Sts., Philada

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THIRTEEN MILLIONS OF BUTHELS ther information, apply by letter is in person to

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FINE PROVATE ROOMS,
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Those Lands are adjacent to the Hallemet. A treet of

THE LOW PRICE of Lumber, contract for a convenient house, fracing, and framing tools. The Company has sold OVER ONE THOUSAND of such

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RETENT COULDS, and COLDS. PLEIR!
THE PANES, its are quickly and discitually cared to its discituality and discituality cared to its discituality cared to its discituality and power.

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DOGS, MANURE AND SAUSAGES.

A funny story is told of one who, sick and thred of the bustle of city life, had retired and gone to farming as the saving is. His land, about well situated and commanding sundry fine prospects, is not particularly fine as we have seen, requiring scientific culture and a liberal system of manuring to induce abundant yield. So far by way of ex-

Once upon a time, as the story books say, our friend being on a short visit to the city, and it happened they were selling damaged sausages at the time. There were some eight or ten barrels of them, and they were just going at fifty cents a barrel," when the auctioneer, with all apparent seriousness, remarked that they were worth more than that to manure land with. Here was an idea .-"Sixty two and a half cents third and last call-gone " retorted the auctioneer. " Cash takes them at sixty-two and a half cents per

To have them shipped to his country seat was the immediate work of our friend, and as it was planting time, and the sausages, to use a common phrase, " were getting to be no Setter fast," to have them safe under the ground and out of the way was the next movement. He was about to plant a field of seven acres of corn, the soil of the piney wood species, so here was just the spot for his experiment in agriculture, this new wrinkle in the science of geoponics. One "link" of sausage being deemed sufficient, that amount was placed in each hill, accompanied by the usual number of kernels of corn, and an occasional pumpkin seed, and all were micely covered up in the usual style. Now, after premising that several days have elapsed since the corn was planted, the sequel of the story shall be told in a dialogue between our friend and one of his neighbors.

"Weil, friend, have you planted your

Yes, several days since."

"fait up yet?" "Up" Yes, and gone, too, the most of

" Well, you see I bought a lot of damaged ing a sameage in each hill, and

Well, and what? "And I felt satisfied that I had made a coming on, and a pretty piece of busi-

new I have made by trying agricultural ex-

Why, what was the matter?"

" Matter ! the first thing I saw before reach ing the field was the greatest lot of dogs digging and scratching all over it! There were my dogs, and your dogs, and all the neighbore' dogs, besides about three hundred strange dogs I never set eyes on before, and every one was hard at it mining after the buried nameages. Nomehow or other, the rascally whelps had scented out the business. and they have dug up every hill by this time. If I could set every dog of them on that suc-

MISTAKES NOT CORRECTED.

Of Jesse Lee, the arly apostle of Metho dism in New England, it is related that one day while travelling on horseback, he fell in asked if he was a man of liberal education. "Sufficiently," he said, "to get about the ENGINEE

Ties inquired if he wrote his sermons. He

replied in the negative.

for instance in quoting Scripture's but not often."

Not always. If it is volves nothing owen

repeat the passage where it says 'the devil is from swords in that to needles in bone

prompted to remark to the other, that he the side of these relies are found the bones of hardly knew whether the follow was a knave

Lee glanced meaningly in either hand, and

Perhaps between the two."

The young gentlemen by this time con cluded to leave the itinerant to his own medi-Lations.

Supplies GROWTH -A Vankee lad, whose father was a "down East" farmer, went inte the barn-yard to play, a short time ago, and, being detained a prisoner by a thunder storm. he fell usines on a bag of guano. The old gentleman, when the storm was over, went into the barn-vard to look after his son, and met a giant eight feet high coming out of the

"Hallo! who are you?" he cried. "What are you doing here?

Why, father," squeaked the Goliah, "it's me. Don't you know Tommy ?"

"You!" exclaimed the now astonish parent. " Why, Tommy, how on earth did

you get pulled out so long in so short a time?"
"Why, father," replied the boy, looking down upon the gaping old man, "I slept on those bags of guano you put in the barn, and them and the lightning together has done the

An old Jew, who sold exclusively for cash, said that he did it for the benefit of his seighbors. He did not wish to see them deep in debt mit him, ven dey ish got no

NAMES.-Two boys of tender age, who went by the names of Tom and Jack, be came members of a district school in a certain New England town. On making their appearance, the teacher gailed them up before the assembled school, and process names, ages, etc. "Well, my fine lad," said the teacher to the one, " what is your name? Tom," promptly responded the juvenile. Tom does not sound well. Remember always to speak the full name. You should have said Thom-as. Now, my son," turning to the other boy, whose expectant face suddenly lighted up with the satisfaction of a newly-comprehended idea, "now, then, can you tell me what your name is ?" " Jack ass." replied the lad, in a tone of confident decision This is a new version of the old story of "Sam-uel" and "Jim-uel," and we think decidedly better than the original.

NOT "THAT OTHER MAN"-A story is told of an oid Cleveland deacon, who just after Lincoln started on his journey for Washington, went to an evening prayer meet ng, and being somewhat in a hurry, went down immediately on his knees and made an earnest prayer in behalf of the President of the United States, asking that God would strengthen him and bless him in all his under takings, &c. Rising from his knees, he left the church, apparently having an earnest call cisewhere. Presently be returned in a great hurry, and plumping again on his knees, thus addressed himself:- "Oh! Lord, it may be as well for me to add as an explanation to my prayer just uttered, that by the President of the United States, I meant house old Abe Lincoln, and not that other chap who is yet sitting in the national nest, and for whom I don't care shucks, Amen!

MOTHERS AND DAUGHTERS IN NORMANDY

The constant and anxious surveillance which mothers and other elderly relatives exercise over the young women, is a positive proof of their frailty; for it is the remembrance of what they themselves once felt, and the observation of what is daily taking place around them, in spite of duennaship, which makes them thus suspicious and vigilant. They have, it would seem, no notion of that "deity in the boson," which in some countries is supposed to be the best guardian of a woman's same ges the other day in New York, a honor, and preferred depending upon matesmooth tongued auctionecr saying they would rial lets and hindrances to love. For this make excellent manure, if nothing else. I reason, the daughter, as I have already obbrought the lot over and commenced plant- served, if there be but one, always sleeps with her mother, goes to church with her mother, vigilance and restraint be productive of much by these means made more active and vigor ous, and many a girl of seventeen, who might, under ordinary circumstances, have been remarkable for her simplicity, is thus here to regard the state of marriage as the Lacedemonians did that of war as a state of liberty; and to plot, scheme, and long for it, as captives long for a delivery from bondage M. John's Journal of a Bendence in

SINGULAR DISCOVERIES IN THE SWISS LANKS Recent discoveries show that at with two lawyers, who, taking a place on some primeral period a population of very either side of him, began to quiz him. They considerable density lived in huts constructed some primeval period a population of very on stages which rested on wooden supports driven into the bed of almost every lake, just as the Malays in Borneo, and the Siamese in Bangkok may be seen living to this day. A wonderful number of articles Hat do you not sometimes make mistakes. pertaining to the daily life of those forgotten races have been brought to light. In some When you find you have made a mistake. been preserved in the mud. the floor of har dened earth and the twisted branches and tial, I let it pass. The other day I tried to been discovered in great quantities, tools, liar, and the father of them; I get it, 'the ornaments, children's toys, the remains of devil is a lawyer, and the father of them, stored-up fruits on various kinds; nay, but I hardly thought it necessary to rectify even a cellar or receptable full of corn so unimportant an error " and a loaf of bread composed of bruised By this time one of the young sprigs was grain, and preserved by carbonization. By the animals which they slew in the chase many belonging to species extinct before the rise of history, or barely mentioned in it. The urus, the bison, the elk, and the beaver for rials for some of their most ingeniously o structed utensils. So plentiful and perfecmore has been learned concerning the dail life and manners of men whose existence was not suspected ten years ago than is known of races which have left a famous name in his tory or tradition.

> MADAME DE STARL -The French Corine was said to exercise a strange magnetic power on those who came into the region of her presence, were she never once to open her mouth, from which eloquence flowed in torrents "I can now, about twelve months ago," says a lady writer, "distinctly call to remembrance her proud, ugly, yet indescribably superb head; but more especially a pair of eyes, that sparkled like a pair of living

A day or two ago, as our little Annie was running at full speed on the sidewalk. she had a serious fall. Her knees and forehead were badly bruised, and the skin grazed from the arm. That night, as she was being undressed for bed, she looked pitifully at her numerous wounds, and sorrowfully exclaimed to her mamma-"Oh, dear! what dread-



THE CARTE DE VISITE.

GEST (IN PHOTOGRAPHIC STUDIO) .- "A-look 'ere, you know, mister, I don't want my picture published, you know, but if any pretty gal, or rich young widder should want a copy, why you can sell it to her, you know!"

KITE STRINGS.

The sticks may be slender and firm, and evenly balanced, the paper strong, and the remedy fails to produce good fruit, after they tail just of the right weight and length; but what can you do with your kite if you have no string? You may throw it up, but it will board pen around plum trees, for young not stay up. You may go upon the house top and cast it off, but it will neither go higher nor stay there, but sink speedily to the ground. But see that ball of nice white twine ' Your father saw that you wanted it, and so he brought it home when he came from business. You fasten it to your kite, go out when a fine breeze is blowing, and now how well behaved your kite is, and how visits with her mother, makes love, or has it nicely it sears; up, up, it rises till it is almost made to her, in her mother's presence. It out of sight. But suppose there is a little great job of it. Some days afterward I went there be many daughters, which seldom hap flaw in that string, and it breaks, or some out to the field to see how my corn was pens in France, they all sleep in the same rude boy comes along and cuts it near your plums, cherries, peaches or other fruit. apartment with their mether, who thus hand, what now of your kite? How soon it omes to be regarded to the light of a spy. It feels the cut in the string, and begins to may be doubted, however, whether all this plungs and reel, crazy, it would seem, to en-Joy its liberty; but, alas! to enjoy it only for good. The powers of invention, which are a moment, for down, down it comes, and is naturally very great in womankind, are only all torn and broken in a tree top, or solled and lost in a pool of mud.

> loose from restraint. Sometimes children think it would be a nice thing to get away rendered a very Machiavel in the politics of from a parent's or teacher's government or love. These circumstances cause the women control, but that is the string by which they five-hundredth part for every degree of heat rise, if ever, to places of eminence and usefulness in the world. Cut it, and they are store-pipe with the heat. If wood be cut like the kite with a broken string, that reels, two years before its use, it will be found and sinks, and is lost. " My son, keep thy father's commandment, and forsake not the law of thy mother. Bind them continually upon thine heart, and tie them about thy neck. For the commandment is a lamp, and the law is light.

> > DISCOVERY OF GUTTA PERCHA. In the making his experiments respecting electrical currents through water, Dr. Montgomerie, one of the medical staff of the East India Company, was walking in the woods near to Singapore, when he discovered a parang in was made of a material which he had never and his inquiry resulted in the discovery of ing Farmer.

The practice of pulling or boxing serves a severe rebuke, as it might be productive of very serious consequences to hearing cases have come under our notice where th drumhead has been ruptured by a box on the ear, and when diseases of the nervous structure of the car followed such irrational pun shment - Lighthold's I reuter

38" Nature preaches cheerfulness; ay sh

Agricultural.

FRUIT TREES.

Not withstanding all that has been said and written against allowing a tree of any kind to grow so as to form a crotch, most persons will persist in permitting many young trees to grow with two equal branches, thus forming a crotch, which is very liable to be split by the wind, or by a large burden of fruit .- for a time these substances will protect the Procure a carriage bolt, of the proper length, surfaces from rust, but when the oxydation and bore a hole through the crotch, so that the built may be seen at the junction of the limbs, after it has been driven in. Put a large washer at the head of the bolt, and one at the nut, and screw it up tightly. Many a valuable tree has been, and may be saved. in this way, from being split down at the cretch.

RESERV FOR BARRES FRUIT THEESome fruit trees will never produce any good I had several such trees, and every effort pane's, about sixteen feet long, of light board a cone.

fence, were placed around a tree, and simply These are very important articles; for what mailed together at the corners. After the is your kite good for if you have no string? pigs had been in that pen about a month, they were removed to another tree. If this have been well manured and re-grafted, then let the trees be cut down. Make a high chickens, and keep them there until they are old enough to run at large, and see if they will not destroy or frighten away the curcu lio, and thus save a crop of plums. The experiment is worthy of trial, as it promises good results.

Some people do their churning with a sheep, and keep him tied to a tree, or tethered in the yard when he is not churning. Let him be tied to a fruit tree, after protecting it so that he cannot gnaw the bark off, and see Country tientleman

FUEL.

It is a common mistake among farmers to burn wood the same year it is cut. Two cords of dry wood will give more heat than So it is with the boy or girl that breaks three cords in an unseasoned state.

> When the moisture in the burning wood is being evaporated, it has the power of taking up heat; its own bulk is increased oneadded, and it travels up the chimney of much more economical; all the heat will be radiated in the room, or at least a very mucl larger portion than when it is accompanied y moisture.

When under steam boilers, green wood will not make steam, at least in the boiler, for the heat is used in converting the water of the wood itself into steam; it passes through ome year in which Professor Morse was the flues into the chimney, without heating the boiler.

This is true not only of the wood, but also in degree of coal, especially bituminous coal, which, when wet, radiates but little heat, the majority passing up the chimney. Even anthe hands of a Malay, the handle of which thracite coal is capable of holding some water. It should always be carted on a dry day, and seen before. He asked the man what it was, placed under cover for winter's use .- Work-

> TO PRESERVE TOOLS FROM RUST. Tools of a fine character and polished, if first rendered warm, and then dipped in a aturated lime-water, permitting them to dry uickly, will be protected many months from rust. The shovel manufacturers pursue this plan-so also do the manufacturers of razor and other polished cutlery; the film of car bonate of lime formed is so slight, as not to dim the polish, while its ability to absorb moisture protects the surface of the metal. For the rougher tools of the farm, which

have become polished by use, it is better to apply a thin varnish, made by dissolving one cunce of gum shellac in one quart of alcohol at ninety five degrees of strength the alcoho evaporates immediately, leaving a very thin coating of shellac, which will not peel off, and which is entirely water proof. This is the gum used on the inside of hats to rende them water-proof, and it will thoroughly prevent the rusting of ploughshares, spades, knives of reaping machines, etc. quently see it recommended to coat bright tools with becswax, oils, etc. It is true that does commence, it is more severe than when should be wiped off again, feaving only so much as will scarcely be percepuble - Work- orange peel. Bake in a slow oven.

discussion of the Brooklyn (N. Y.) Horticultural Society, Mr. Quinn, of Newark, N. J., said he would prune in winter for wood and courage the growth of wood, pruning should

KILL THE MILLERS.

A farmer in New Jersey, says :-Some ten years ago I purchased the property where I now live. The former owner, being quite a man for fruit, had set a large variety of trees. The farm was noted for producing more fruit, and greater variety, probably, than any other farm in the neigh borhood.

At the time of my purchase the trees were on the decline. The cherry and plum trees were covered with black knots, and the fruit was wormy and worthless, so that I was about to cut them down and supply their places with shade trees; but disliking to part with the fruit, and observing that the ene mies were at one stage of the existence in the form of a miller, my plan was to destroy them while in that stage. With that ob ject in view, and observing that they were fond of a light, in the early part of the summer of 1855, I commenced their de struction.

To do this I elevated a brisk blaze about five feet from the ground in the vicinity of my trees. The first evening, between eight and eleven o'clock, the millers destroyed might have been counted by hundreds which gradually diminished, so that at the end of one week, there were none to destroy. I then discontinued my fire until the latter part of summer, when I discovered another crop of millers, and again built them a blaze. I have followed the same course whenever the candles have drawn them, to give them a light of their own, which has been twice in the summer.

Now for the result:-My trees have My 29, 12, 1, 22, was one of the seven v gradually resumed their former rich green; those knots have fallen from the cherry and plum trees; and this year the crop of Morella cherries has been probably as large as relia cherries has been probably as large as they ever were, and that on trees that were considered worthless five years since, and the four both showing and plane and plane and plane are since, and the four both showing and plane are since, and the four both showing and plane are since, and the four both showing and plane are since, and the four both showing and plane are since and plane are since and plane are since and plane are since are the fruit, both cherries and plums, not

HORSE RADISH.-We see long directions given for the cultivation of this, perhaps the easiest and simplest raising of all esculents. It requires a rich, moist, deep soil: plant seces of the root with a portion of the crown, foot apart, a couple of inches under ground, and let them alone, except to remove grass My 26, 16, 17, 8, 25, was a great Grecian poet, and weeds, and you will have horse radiah My 13, 16, 25, 27, 18, is the market-place in the and let them alone, except to remove grass ever after. Persons who have springs or streams upon their premises, can plant along them where the soil is moist and in good condition, and a crop for a lifetime may be pretty surely calculated on, provided the whole crop is not used up, and a little care s taken to stick slips in the ground occasionally in fall or spring -Germanton Tele-

Useful Receipts.

TO REMOVE FOREIGN SUBSTANCES FROM THE EAR.-Draw the ear upwards and outwards to straighten the canal as much as possible, then direct the child to incline the head to the side of the affected ear, until it reaches a horizontal position, when, by genly shaking the head, the object, if not too arge, will generally drop out. Should this not have the desired effect, throw some lukewarm water with a syringe into the car, and the body may be carried away with the reflux. The water should not be syringed in straight, lest, by hitting the object directly, it might drive it still farther into the ear, but should be directed more towards the walls of the canal. Whilst syringing, the child's head hould be inclined a little to the side affected, so that the exit, of both the water and the object, may be facilitated. Should the foreign ody be of a porous or spongy nature, (which desorb fluids quickly,) the use of water is indmissible as it would increase the bulk of the object, and increase the mischief in consquence. To get rid of live insects which enter the ear, the canal should be filled with I warm water or warmed sweet oil, which will lestroy them .-

THE MEASLES. - A correspondent of the Derolt Advertiser says that a decoction of oats infallible for the cure of measles. Take a int of oats, and put them into a tight vessel our on boiling water, and let it stand short time; then give it to the sick person to rink. It must be pretty-warm. In fifteen ninutes you will see a change for the better. CORN MEAL PUDDING .- Take 1 quart of ush, and cool it with new, sweet milk (not ulte as much milk as mush), 5 eggs, i teaupful of sugar, I teacupful of flour, a little alt and soda or quick yeast, and ground cin namon if liked. Bake I hour in a moderately slow even, and eat with sauce. Some prefer use no sugar in the pudding itself, but to cat with butter, sugar and nutmeg mixed.-American Agriculturist.

INDIAN MEAL PIES -Stir a small teacupul of very Anc ground Indian meal into marts of boiling milk. When nearly cool, add 5 beaten eggs, and sweeten to taste, like a custard, adding spice and orange peel, if desired. Bake with a crust, the same as custard ics .- American Agriculturist.

BUTTER CAKES - To half a pound of butter add the same quantity of brown sugar, three eggs, the rind of two lemons, quarter of an unce of pounded cinnamon, and half the unntity of powdered ginger; work into it as nuch flour as will make it a paste; cut it inthey are not used. If applied at all, they to shapes or leave it whole, and strew over the top some pounded almonds and candied

THE TIME TO PRENE TREES.-At a late the application of coal gas to the lighting of streets was first suggested, Sir Walter Scott said, "It can't be done, it is only the dream of a lunatic;" and Sir Humphry fruit, and some will not bear even poor fruit. in summer for fruit; in other words, to en- Davy, on being told that the time would come when all L ndon would be lighted failed to make then bear fruit, but this one. be done in winter; to encourage fruit bear- with gas, said, "It is all nonsense; you We erected a portable fence around each one, ing, it should be done in summer. The ob- might as well talk of lighting London with

The Riddler.

MUSICAL ENIGMA.

WRITTEN FOR THE SATURDAY EVENING POST. I am composed of 28 letters.

My 6, 7, 9, 26, 16, 26, 28, 3, is a semi-tone which changes its name and degree on the staff. My 6, 23, 11, 7, 22, 2, 12, 22, 20, 15, is a term signifying to begin loud, and gradually diminish the sound.

My 8, 16, 3, 21, is a term signifying that the music is to be played as it is written My 10, 12, 24, 24, 16, is a term signifying moderately loud.

My 14, 25, 8, 21, 6, 19, is a succession of sweet

My 17, 5, is a note of the musical scale. My 18, 4, 22, 6, is a figure in music of the same

form as a slur. My 20, 15, 27, is a figure equal to half the preceding note. My 20, 15, 1, 3, 25, is a term signifying softly.

My 22, 5, 26, 2, 13, 9, 1, is a figure which brings
a note (raised or lowered) to its original

place My whole is the name of a grand opera and its

MYTHOLOGICAL ENIGMA.

ADVAN

TEL

The profices.
Subsection, as ton their

WRITTEN FOR THE BATURDAY EVENING POST. I am composed of 32 letters.

My 1, 15, 12, 22, a sun of Faunus. My 30, 20, 10, 7, 3, 1, 8, 27, 22, a friend of Ad-

My 19, 31, 27, 4, 12, 28, an Egyptian Idol. My 30, 25, 5, 10, 23, 27, 22, 19, a nymph of Diana's train.

My 4, 1, 15, 15, 23, 27, 22, is a son of Jupiter.

of Greece. My 4, 25, 27, 10, 27, 28, was a noble Roman. My 4, 27, 28, 12, 27, 7, 22, was an Egyptian

King.

My 15, 5, 25, 14, 28, is the god of harvests. My 21, 30, 2, 19, 24, was the daughter of a King

of Argos.

My S3, 7, 1, 9, 30, is the godders of hunting. My 6, 12, 28, is a name for Plute.

My 8, 25, 14, 29, 27, 22, was an infernal deity. My 26, 24, 4, 8, was a daughter of Jupiter and My 26, 8, 25, 16, was a fair priestess of Venus.

Roman cities. My 11, 5, 25, 20, 24, 25, 7, 1, 9, is a name for

the aqueous theory of the earth. C. H. BAKER. My whole is a proverb.

TRIGONOMETRICAL PROBLEM. WRITTEN FOR THE SATURDAY EVENING POST.

The perimeter of a plane triangle containing 00 acres is 600 perches, and the angles at the xtremities of the base are as 5 to 8. Requiredthe sides of the triangle, true to eight places of decimals ? ARTEMAS MARTIN.

Franklin, Venango Co., Pa.

14 An answer is requested.

PROBLEM. WRITTEN FOR THE SATURDAY EVENING POST.

A certain field, 49 rods long and 32 rods wide, planted with corn, the rows being 6 feet from he fence, and 4 feet apart each way, each bill What will the corn growing on this field amount to at 62% cts. per bushel, providing 1,500 grains make a pound, and 56 pounds a bushel?

A. D. YOUNG. Enon Valley, Po.

1- An answer is requested.

CONUNDRUMS.

Why is the treadmill like a true convert? -- Because its turning is the result of convic-

2.0" Why should a gouty man make his will? Ans. - To have his legatees (leg at case.) When is a plant to be dreaded more than

nad dog ' Ans - When it is madder. When did the schoolmaster say, "Very ike a whale?" Ans.-When he examined the

boy's back after flogging him Why are the people of the United States like judges in a court of law? Ans.—They are ided by precedents (Presidents)

14" Why is a young lady who has had bet keness taken like one who is calumniated? Ans. -- Because she is misrepresented (Miss re-

ANSWERS TO RIDDLES IN LAST.

HISTORICAL ENIGMA .- Battle between the Fromme Richard and the Serapis, GEO jamin Harrison, Thomas Jufferson and Charles Carroll, of Carrollton. CHARADE.—Jewsharp. CHARADE.—Cri no-line. REBUS.—Georgia— Atianta. (Georgia, Egypt. Ortogal, Russia, Great Britain, Independent, Arabia.) DIOPHANTINE QUESTION—27, 64 and 125.

Moves. Editors - Answer to ENIGMA by F. published May 17th.—Major General Don Carles Buell. Tell F. he must try again?

DANIEL DIEFENBACH sends the following

Answer to MATHEMATICAL QUESTION by W. George, published March 8th.—Area of walk l acre, 34 square perches, 22 square yards, and 11-16 inches

Answer to PROBLEM by S., published March 2nd -A.'s fortune, \$5,669.76 32-43, and B.'s \$7,047.20 40-43.

Auswer to PROBLEM by Reuben Barto, published April 5th.—A. must take 46.887112 yards, and 8. 53.112887 yards of said muslin.

Answer to PROBLEM by P. H. Leonhard, pubishe I April 13th.-The centre of house must be at the distance of 15 miles, 37 perches, 15 feet and tle better than 7 inches from any of the three supposed towns.

ARTEMAS MARTIN also sends answer to

I put outside my window a large bex. filled it with mould, and sowed it with seed. What do you think came up? Wheat, barand kept a pig or two in the enclosure. Four ject should be to keep the tree in the form of a slice of the moon, as to light London with ley, or oats? No, a policeman, who ordered me to remove it.

BITTEN

R ng, ri husual e e up-sta prting in, stan a the opp the fro oubt but fher. B or with

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